

Financial Results for FYE March 2024 (FY2023) and 2026 Medium-term Business Plan

(FYE March 2024: From April 1, 2023, to March 31, 2024)

May 10, 2024

Meiji Holdings Co., Ltd.

AGENDA



1. Summary of 2023 Medium-term Business Plan and Financial Results for FY2023

2. 2026 Medium-term Business Plan

(Note) We revised a part of the following pages on May 14, 2024.

- P19 Outlook of R&D expenses
- P33 Food: Net Sales and Op. Profit by Business FY2023 Result of B to B Business



1. Summary of 2023 Medium-term Business Plan and Financial Results for FY2023



Summary of 2023 Medium-term Business Plan – KPIs

| (JPY bn) | | FY2021 Result | FY2022 Result | FY2023 Result* ² | YoY change | 2023 Medium-term Business Plan Target |
|------------------------|--|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Integrated goal | Meiji ROESG®*1 | 12.3 pt | 13.8 pt | 12.2 pt | -1.6 pt | 13 pt |
| | Consolidated net sales | 1,013.0 | 1,062.1 | 1,105.4 | +4.1% +43.3 | 1,080.0 |
| | Food | 826.0 | 865.6 | 900.1 | +4.0% +34.5 | 874.5 |
| | Pharmaceutical | 187.9 | 197.2 | 206.1 | +4.5% +8.8 | 209.0 |
| Growth and | Overseas net sales | 92.9 | 120.0 | 132.3 | +10.2% +12.2 | 134.5 |
| Profitability | Consolidated operating profit (margin) | 92.9 (9.2%) | 75.4 (7.1%) | 84.3 (7.6%) | +11.8% +8.8 | 120.0 (11.1%) |
| | Food | 75.9 | 55.8 | 64.3 | +15.1% +8.4 | 102.0 |
| | Pharmaceutical | 18.6 | 21.7 | 22.7 | +4.6% +0.9 | 18.5 |
| Efficiency and Safety | ROIC | 8.4% | 6.3% | 6.2% | -0.0 pt | 10% or more |
| Return to shareholders | ROE | 13.5% | 10.0% | 6.9% | -3.1 pt | 11% or more |
| | Dividend payout ratio | 28.0% | 36.4% | 52.3% | +15.9 pt | 40% |

^{*1:} ROESG is a registered trademark for a management indicator developed by Kunio Ito, a professor at Hitotsubashi University.

^{*2:} See p.26-37 for details on Meiji ROESG indicators and FY2023 results



Summary of 2023 Medium-term Business Plan

- Three-year period during which we focused on the Meiji ROESG and worked towards simultaneously realizing
 profit growth and sustainability activities
 - Food: Recovery of growth in core businesses is midway. Overseas business steadily expanded in the U.S.
 Impairment losses were incurred in a part of China business in which we had made prior investments
 - Pharmaceutical: Implemented structural reforms and shifted to a business model that can gain stable profits
 Expanded pipelines that will drive future growth, incl. the acquisition of mRNA technology
 - Venture into new domains:
 Collaborated with venture companies and academia to create new products and business models.
 (e.g., Investments in California Cultured Inc. and Farmnote Holdings, Inc., / Collaborations with Juntendo Educational Foundation and Foundation of Biomedical Research and Innovation at Kobe)
 - Sustainability: Increased ESG evaluations through steady efforts. Worked to establish the evaluation standards necessary to achieve a fusion with business
- The need to improve operating methods recognized during the process of establishing a business management structure that utilizes ROIC. Reevaluated business units and organizations to accelerate permeation of ROICbased management.
- Selected a portion of capital expenditures from the perspective of ROIC. Strategic investments and ESG investments proceeded as planned.
- Worked to reduce cross-shareholdings and non-current assets to maintain a sound financial structure. Increased dividends for tenth consecutive fiscal year



2. 2026 Medium-term Business Plan (FY2024-2026)

Ideals for 2026 Medium-term Business Plan



Realizing a Better Future for People, **Society and the Earth**

Concept

Evolve the Meiji ROESG® Management

Return to a growth trajectory by transforming focus markets, business structure, and our behavior

Consolidated operating profit

Effects of structural reforms and rapid growth of some products

Structural reform through business

2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

2026 Mediumterm Business Plan

2026

Creating new markets and sustainably improving our corporate value

- Balanced growth both in Food and Pharmaceutical segments
- Providing Meiji unique value for wellness
- Co-creation and cooperate with stakeholders

2026 Medium-term Business Plan



Evolve the Meiji ROESG® Management

Return to a growth trajectory by transforming focus markets, business structure, and our behavior

Key strategies

1. Invest management resources into growth businesses

 Strengthen and expand overseas and B2B businesses of food segment, and pharmaceutical business as growth drivers

2. Keep and improve stable cash flow

- Enhance competitive advantage by pursuing added value
- Review business portfolio and improve capital efficiency

Fusion of sustainability and business strategies ("Trade-on")

3. Promote human capital strategy linked to management strategy

Evolve the Meiji ROESG® Management



Continue to set Meiji ROESG as our top management goal as in the 2023 Medium-term Business Plan; Create value that leads to business and financial performance growth with sustainability activities

Reviewing formula for calculating Meiji ROESG



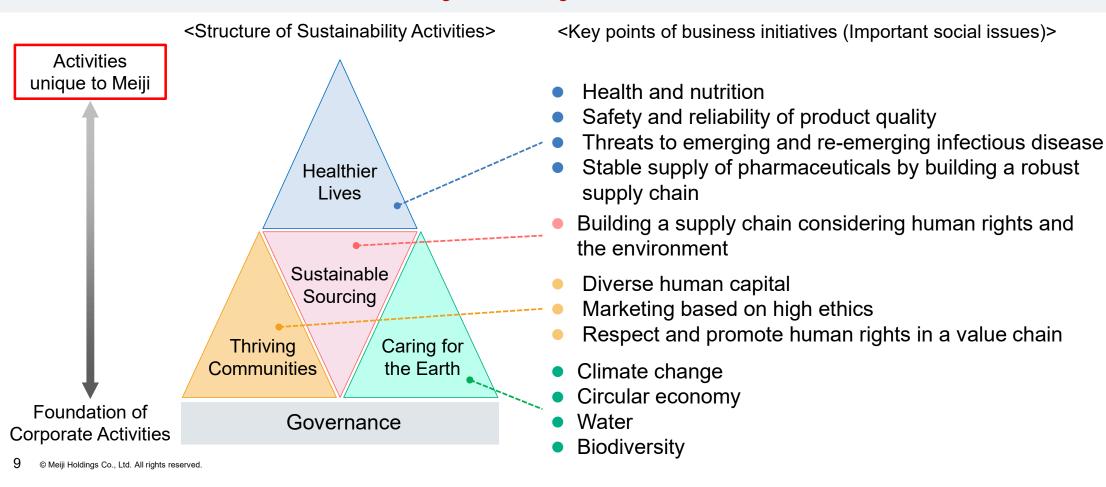
- Changed the indicators to strongly emphasize the fusion of sustainability and business
- Set as a metric for medium to long-term incentives for compensation of directors (stock compensation) to promote a commitment to improving corporate value

"Trade-on" of Sustainability and Business



Incorporate resolving social issues into business strategy and create social value through sustainability innovation;

Achieve sustainable growth through "trade-on" with economic value



2026 Medium-term Business Plan: KPIs



| | | | 2026 Medium-term Business Plan | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--|
| (JPY bn) | | FY2023 Result | FY2024 Plan | FY2026 Target | vs. FY2023 | Exchange rate |
| Integrated goal | Meiji ROESG® | _ | 8.0 pt | 9.8 pt | _ | FY2024 Plan |
| | Consolidated net sales | 84.3 | 86.0 | 116.5 | +38.2% +32.1 | USD |
| | Food | 64.3 | 66.0 | 83.0 | +29.1% +18.6 | EUR |
| Growth and Profitability | Pharmaceutical | 22.7 | 25.0 | 40.0 | +76.1% +17.2 | RMB |
| Tromadinty | Consolidated net income | 50.6 | 50.0 | 76.5 | +51.0% +25.8 | TAVID |
| | Overseas net sales | 134.8*1 | 154.0 | 252.5 | +87.2% +117.6 | 2026 Medium |
| Efficiency and Safety | ROIC | 6.2% | 7.0% | 8.5% or more | _ | Business Plan |
| Return to | ROE | 6.9% | 7.0% | 9.5% or more | _ | EUR |
| shareholders | Total Payout Ratio | 52.3% | 114.6% | 50% or more | _ | RMB |
| | Cash flows from operating activities | 107.9 | 60.0 | [3 years] Approx. 350.0 | _ | TAVID |
| @ Majii Holdings Co. Ltd. All rights | Free cash flows | 83.3 | 1.0 | [3 years] 0.0 | _ | *1: Reference with roof new classification |

te assumptions

| USD | JPY145 |
|-----|--------|
| EUR | JPY155 |
| RMB | JPY20 |

ım-term lan

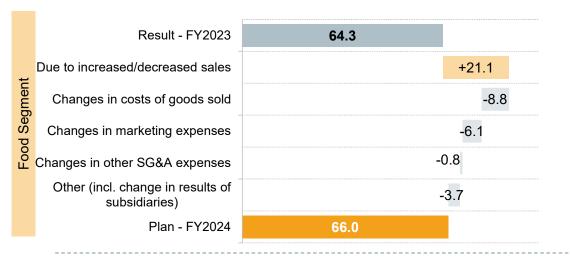
| USD | JPY140 |
|-----|--------|
| EUR | JPY150 |
| RMB | JPY20 |

retroactive application on from FY2024

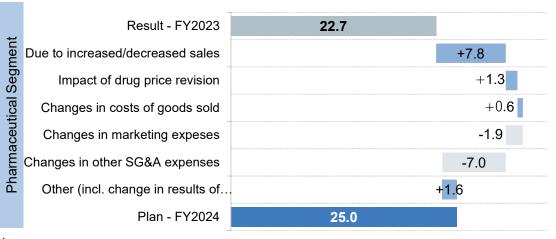
Outlook of Operating Profit for FYE March 2025



Analysis of changes in operating profit



- Respond to the rapid rise in cocoa market prices and prolonged yen depreciation with measures such as price revisions and product improvements
- Increase in sales of yogurt, functional yogurt, and SAVAS
- Aggressively harness marketing expenses in each business
- Increase in labor costs
- Depreciation to increase but projecting benefits from cost reduction measures such as production line consolidation



- Increase in sales of human vaccines
- Impact of NHI price revision: +mid 1%
- Increase in R&D expenses as development progressed
- Increase in labor costs and dissemination costs to expand sales of new products

Now ideas for wellness

Food: Accelerate to Grow Overseas Business

Aggressive Expansion of Products and Businesses with Competitive Advantages

<Direction of strategic products>

1. Products that are competitive in terms of technology and intellectual property



e.g.) Cube-type infant formula

- 2. Products that enable differentiation through taste and manufacturing technology
 - e.g.) Chocolate snacks



- Expand to more countries
- Build and strengthen business foundation through M&A and alliances
- Promote strategic IP activities for global expansion
- Enhance marketing activities
- Develop new products that meet local needs
- Expand production capacity and establish a global production system

Steady Execution of Revival Plan*1 in China Business

- Steadily promote structural reforms
- Review of business and product portfolio
- Reform management system



Food: Accelerate to Grow Overseas Business

2026 Medium-term Business Plan

| (JPY bn) | | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2026 | |
|-----------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|
| | | Result | Plan | Target | vs. FY2023 |
| China | Net sales | 24.3 | 31.0 | 60.3 | +147.2% +35.9 |
| Offilia | Op. Profit | -3.7 | -5.6 | 0.3 | <u> </u> |
| Asia | Net sales | 18.1 | 27.0 | 65.2 | +259.5% +47.0 |
| Asia | Op. Profit | 1.5 | 1.4 | 3.6 | +134.8% +2.0 |
| Europe | Net sales | 32.7 | 34.4 | 44.8 | +36.6% +12.0 |
| and Americas | Op. Profit | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | -7.4% -0.1 |

(Initiatives by business)

Dairy and Food solutions businesses

Focus area: China, Asia

- Review of sales areas to consider profitability
- Cost reduction and optimization of production structure
- Increase the composition ratio of value-added products and strengthen the B2B business

Chocolate business

Focus area: the U.S., China, Asia

- · Strengthen initiatives related to major vendors and agents
- · Expand production capacity and establish a global production system
- Develop global brands

Nutrition business

Focus area: Asia, Europe

- Accelerate the development of products aligned with local needs
- Expand to more countries

Key strategy 1. Invest management resources into growth businesses | 2. Keep and improve stable cash flow

Food: Pursue Added Value in Japan Business 1

Innovate Product Development Process



<Pre><Pre>roduct Development Process>

Evaluation Framework 1 Sustainable Products Certification System

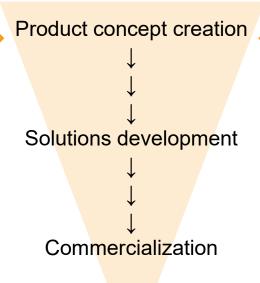
- Promote incorporation of sustainability into product concepts
- Certify products for which sustainability activities are undertaken during each process along the value chain

The process to be checked

Health & Nutrition / Procurement /

Packaging / Product Design /

Production & Logistics



Evaluation Framework 2 Meiji NPS



- Develop and improve products with high nutritional value
- Already created NPS for adults and the elderly

For adults

Against lifestyle-related diseases and thinness in young women

For the elderly

Prevent frailty*1

Develop new "market-creating" products that link sustainability to added value and economic value

Now ideas for wellness

Food: Pursing Added Value in Japan Business 2

Strengthen Existing Business by Leveraging New Products and Technologies

Enhance and Expand B2B Business

- Increase in sales through newly developed materials
 - Grow sales of Mizuneri Nama Chocolat, which can be stored for long periods at raw temperature, based on a unique water-containing mixing process
 - Develop new milk ingredients that can be produced in the new plant
- Expand sales channels for own-brand products



Create New Marketing Model

- Launch solution business and service utilizing digital technology, and use it for marketing
 - Collaborate with H.U. Group companies to start immunology testing service business (planning for July 2024)
 - → Provide lifestyle habit advice based on test results. Aim for increasing customers' interests related to immune system
- From mass marketing to personalized marketing
 - Provide information and recommend products tailored to the individual's health status and values

Key strategy 1. Invest management resources into growth businesses | 2. Keep and improve stable cash flow



Pharmaceutical: Sustained Growth by Adding Growth from New Drugs on Stable Revenue Platform

2026 Medium-term Business Plan and after Improve product Before 2023 lineups to accelerate Medium-term growth **Business Plan** New drugs Stable growth 2023 Medium-term Revenue amid growing demand **Business Plan** contribution image (Consortium plan) (Period for structural reforms) Generic drugs Deterioration in New drugs/ arowth and Generic drugs Specified critical materials (2 products) profitability due Useful drugs Stable supply medicines (4 products) (incl. Useful drugs) to NHI drug Penicillin bulk drugs price revisions (antibacterial drugs) Specified critical materials **Expand to Asia** (Internalize bulk drugs manufacturing) No impact from Stable supply medicines Vaccine COVID-19 vaccine. NHI drug price Vaccine Enhance vaccine business Five-in-one combination vaccine, etc. revisions Boost national strategy

Key strategy 1. Invest management resources into growth businesses | 2. Keep and improve stable cash flow

Now ideas for wellness

Pharmaceutical: Sustained Growth by Adding Growth from New Drugs on Stable Revenue Platform

External Changes 1: FY2024 NHI price revision

- Basic drugs system
 - Basic drugs are positioned as NHI drug prices supporting system before re-calculating unprofitable products and reaching minimum drug prices
 - Transitional period since NHI drug price listing: Reduced from 25 years to 15 years
 - Our basic drugs: SULBACILLIN, VANCOMYCIN, TAZOPIPE, etc.
- Stable supply of pharmaceuticals, especially GE* (deployment of corporate indices and revision of NHI prices for GE based on corporate indices)
 - While this is a trial adoption, this is used to evaluate a companies' stable supply structure, etc. and the results are being utilized in the NHI pricing system
 - Meiji is classified as Category A (Top 20%)

External Changes 2: Structural Reform of GE* Market

State

 Decrease in unit price due to NHI price revision
 Inefficient high-mix low-volume production
 Inadequate quality control system

 30% of products have restricted distribution

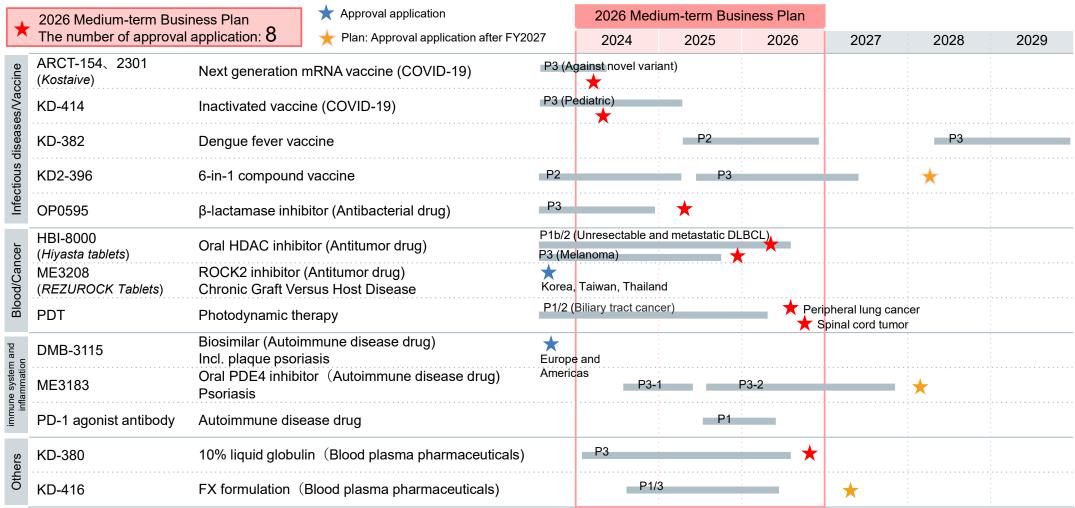
The MHLW's Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's Working Group on the Industrial Structure for Realizing the Stable Supply of Generic Drugs, etc. is considering promoting collaboration and cooperation among companies (=Consortium plan) as one of the directions for measures



Key strategy 1. Invest management resources into growth businesses

Now ideas for wellness

Pharmaceutical: Developing Differentiated and Innovative Pipeline of New Drugs Reliably and at the Fastest Pace



Key strategy 1. Invest management resources into growth businesses | 2. Keep and improve stable cash flow



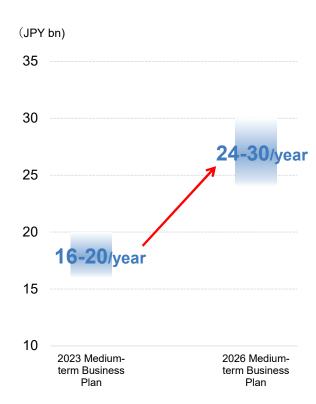
Pharmaceutical: Securing R&D Expenses through Stable Growth in **Domestic Main Categories and Overseas**

<Sales of domestic main categories and overseas>

| | | 2026 Mediu | ım-term Bus | iness Plan |
|--|--------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| (JPY bn) | FY2023 Result | FY2024 Plan | FY2026 Target | vs. FY2023 |
| Infectious disease area* ¹ | 42.7 | 44.3 | 43.2 | +1.3% +0.5 |
| Immune system area*¹ | 20.1 | 22.2 | 21.8 | +8.5% +1.7 |
| Central nervous system (CNS) area*1 | 22.2 | 23.3 | 19.0 | -14.5% -3.2 |
| Generic drugs*2 | 20.1 | 21.6 | 24.8 | +23.7% +4.7 |
| Human vaccines | 33.1 | 57.9 | 71.3 | +115.6% +38.2 |
| Overseas | 57.1* ³ | 65.7 | 82.5 | +44.5% +25.3 |

^{*1:} Including generic drugs in each area

<Outlook of R&D expenses>

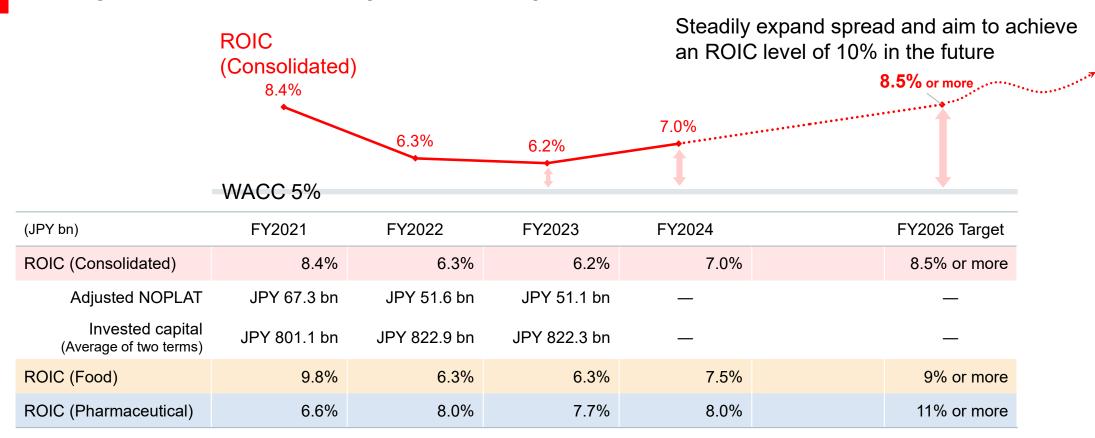


^{*2:} Sales of generic drugs only, not included in each area

^{*3:} Reference with retroactive application of new classification from FY2024

Strengthen Business Management through ROIC

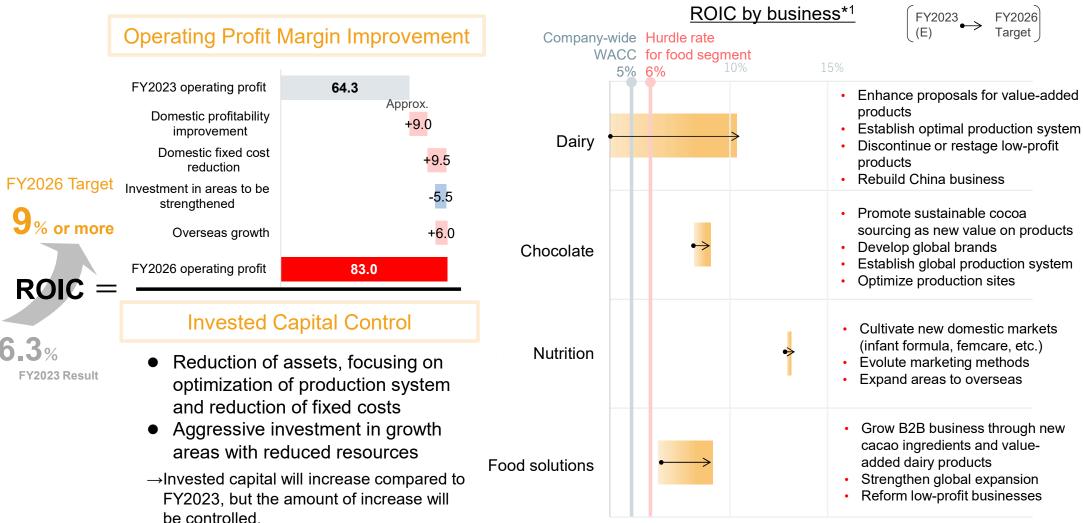




- Set each hurdle rate for food and pharmaceutical, and strengthen ROIC management by business
 →Food: 6%, Pharmaceutical: 7%
- Particularly in the Food Segment, continue to invest in growth while promoting structural reforms such as reevaluating our production structure

Now ideas for wellness

Food: Efforts to Improve ROIC



Acquire and Develop Human Capital to Support Growth Strategies and Improve Engagement



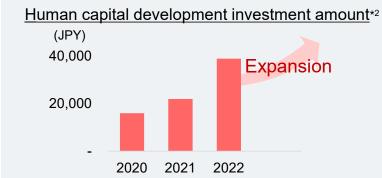
Build Human Capital Portfolio Necessary for Growth Strategies

Key Human Capital Portfolio + Improve diversity Human capital leading Human capital leading global business group management Ratio of global human capital*1 Ratio of female employees 30% or more 50% Target Group management human Ratio of mid-career hiring capital pool 30% or more 30 people or more

- Identify and develop human capital leading group management
- Satisfy the quality and quantity of human capital leading global business
- Promote diverse employees' development and strengthen diversity management capabilities
- Expand mid-career and global human capital hiring
- Centralize human capital data



- Increase Employee Engagement
- Improve Performance of Each Employee
 - Reform HR systems and create systems that reward performance
 - Support autonomy, growth, and taking on challenges (including reskilling)
 - Promotion of smart working
 - Drive health and productivity management, and occupational safety
 - Continuously monitor engagement scores and implement improvement measures

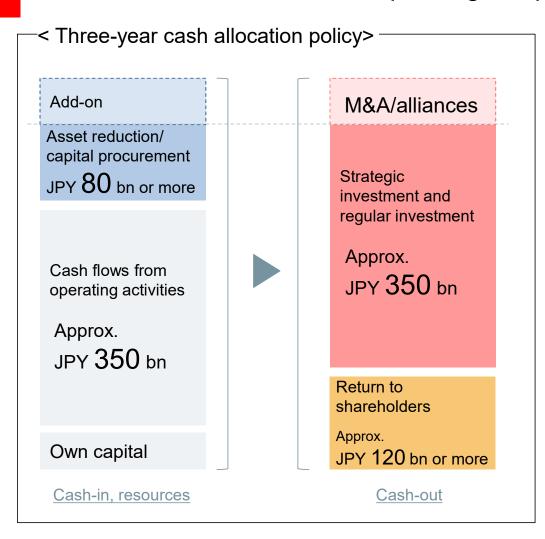


^{*1:} Human capital, including foreign nationals, with more than half-year of global experience (studying abroad, living abroad, etc.)

^{*2:} Until FY2021, only training sponsored by the Human Resources Department is counted, but included e-learning from FY2022

Cash Allocation aimed at Improving Corporate Value





Asset reduction/ capital procurement

- Asset reduction through structural reforms
- Investment securities reduced to less than 5% of consolidated net assets
- External procurement assumes maintaining JCR rating of "AA-"
- When conducting M&A/alliances, consider external procurement based on a D/E ratio of 0.5 times

Investment

- Continue strategic investments to strengthen the foundation of existing domestic businesses
- Actively invest in growth areas including M&A

| Food | Approx. JPY 240 bn | Domestic strategic investment Overseas growth investment Regular investment etc. | JPY110 bn JPY40 bn JPY90 bn |
|----------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Pharma*1 | Approx. JPY 110 bn | Strategic investment Regular investment | JPY96 bn JPY16 bn |
| | | | |
| (ESG) | JPY 50 bn | | |

Return to shareholders

- Continuously increase dividends and buy back shares
- Total Payout Ratio of 50% or more: Set as a lower limit level that is not affected by changes in our external environment, etc.



Appendices



Results of FY2023



Consolidated Financial Results – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | FY2023 | | |
|--|---------|------------------|--|
| | Result | YoY Change | Main factors for the change |
| Net sales | 1,105.4 | +4.1% +43.3 | — Details on page 31 and 35 |
| Operating profit | 84.3 | +11.8% +8.8 | — Details on page 31 and 35 |
| Non-operating profit | 4.0 | -12.3% -0.5 | - Foreign exchange gains (-0.4) |
| Non-operating expenses | 12.3 | +110.0% +6.4 | - Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method (+6.4) |
| Ordinary profit | 76.0 | +2.5% +1.8 | _ |
| Extraordinary income | 35.9 | +21.4% +6.3 | - Gain on sales of investment securities (+20.8) - Gain on sales of non-current assets (-14.5) |
| Extraordinary losses | 24.4 | +192.5% +16.0 | - Impairment losses (+15.2) |
| Profit before income taxes | 87.5 | -8.3% -7.9 | _ |
| Income taxes-total | 33.7 | +41.3% +9.8 | - Income taxes - current (+5.6) - Income taxes - deferred (+4.1) |
| Profit attributable to non- controlling interests | 3.0 | +46.6% +0.9 | <u> </u> |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 50.6 | -27.0% -18.7 | _ |

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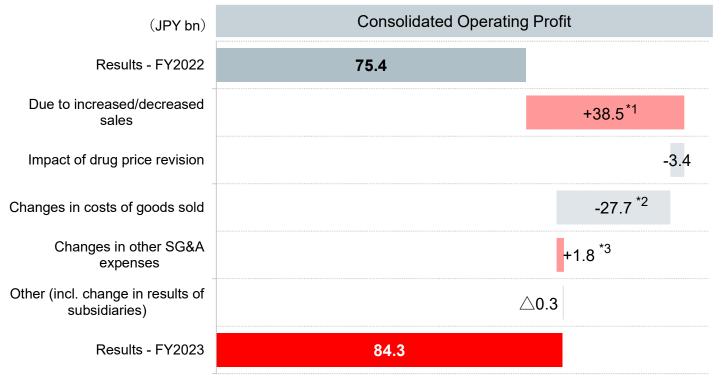
Financial Position as of March 2024

27

| (JPY bn) | Result | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| | as of Mar. 2024 | Change | Main factors for the change |
| Current assets | 563.0 | +19.6% +92.1 | - Cash and deposits (+43.3) - Notes and accounts receivable-trade (+29.2) |
| Non-current assets | 642.2 | -3.5% -23.0 | - Construction in progress (-25.5) - Investment securities (-24.7) - Buildings and structures, net (+13.1) - Land (+7.5) - Retirement benefit asset (+7.3) |
| Total assets | 1,205.2 | +6.1% +69.0 | _ |
| Current liabilities | 322.3 | +21.1% +56.0 | Short-term borrowings (+17.4) Income taxes payable (+5.8) Notes and accounts payable-trade (+15.0) Accrued expenses (+2.3) |
| Non-current liabilities | 95.1 | -19.8% -23.4 | - Long-term borrowings (-21.8) |
| Total liabilities | 417.4 | +8.5% +32.5 | _ |
| Shareholders' equity | 690.3 | +3.8% +25.1 | - Retained earnings (+24.1) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 56.2 | +20.2% +9.4 | Foreign currency translation adjustments (+12.6) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (+6.5) Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities (-9.8) |
| Non-controlling interests | 41.2 | +4.7% +1.8 | _ |
| Total net assets | 787.7 | +4.9% +36.4 | _ |
| Interest bearing debt | 49.9 | -22.4% -14.4 | - Long-term borrowings (-21.8) - Current portion of bonds payable (-10.0) - Short-term borrowings (+17.4) |
| Equity ratio | 61.9% | -0.7 pt | _ |



Analysis of Consolidated Operating Profit – FY2023



| Food | Pharma | Other |
|-------|--------|-------|
| 55.8 | 21.7 | -2.1 |
| +36.1 | +2.3 | _ |
| _ | -3.4 | _ |
| -26.6 | -1.1 | _ |
| -0.6 | +2.4 | _ |
| -0.6 | +0.8 | -0.5 |
| 64.3 | 22.7 | -2.7 |

*1: Including the effect of price hikes

*2: [Food] Increase in raw materials costs (incl. domestic raw milk and overseas dairy ingredients): -28.6, Other (incl. decrease in product amount): +2.0

[Pharma] Increase in raw materials costs: -1.1

*3: [Food] Increase in marketing expenses: -3.3, Decrease in other costs: +2.8

[Pharma] Decrease in marketing expenses: +1.0, Decrease in other costs: +1.4

Consolidated Cash Flows for FY2023



| (JPY bn) | FY2023 Result | YoY Change | Main factors for the change |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 107.9 | +22.9 | Main factors for the change - Increase in inventories (+15.6) - Impairment losses (+15.2) - Loss on sales of property, plant and equipment (+14.7) - Decrease in trade receivables (-22.6) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | -24.6 | +12.1 | - Purchase of property, plant and equipment (+18.7) - Proceeds from sales of investment securities (+9.6) - Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (-18.1) |
| Free cash flows | 83.3 | +35.1 | |

Meiji ROESG Results of FY2023



ROE

10.16% (3 yrs average)

Achieve ESG goals

x1.2 (Achieved 5 indicators)



Indicators unique to Meiji

+0 pt

Meiji ROESG

12.2 pt

| Evaluation indicator | FY2023 Result | Target |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------|
| MSCI ESG Ratings | А | А |
| DJSI | 67 points | 65 points |
| FTSE4Good | 4.2 points | 3.8 points |
| CDP (Climate Change) | А | А |
| CDP (Water Security) | А | А |

| Evaluation indicator | FY2023 Result | Target | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Extend healthy life expectancy*1 | +0.56 years* ² | +1 year | |
| Amount of protein intake | 71.4g/day* ² | 75g/day | |
| Vaccination rate for influenza vaccines | 57.8%* ³ | 60% | |
| Employee engagement score | Deviation score B | Deviation score A | |
| Sales growth rate for health-conscious products, nutritional products with added value, products for a super-aged society*4 | -0.9% | 10% or more | |
| Success in and supply of vaccine and therapeutic agent for COVID-19 | Under development*5 | Development and supply | |

^{*3:} FY2022 latest survey; based on people aged 65 or older receiving routine vaccinations *4: Compared to FY2020

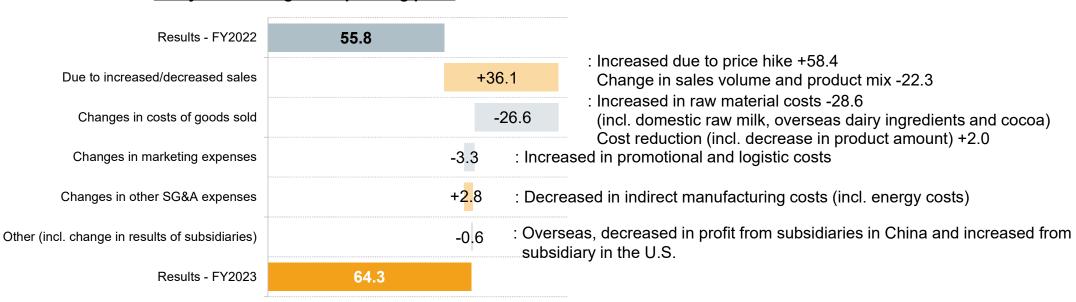
^{*5:} Kostaive® approved as a vaccine for the ancestral strain. Under development as a bivalent vaccine for the ancestral/Omicron strain



Food: Summary – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 Result | FY2023 Result | YoY Change | vs. FY2023 Plan | FY2023 Plan (Revised on Apr. 9) |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Net sales | 865.6 | 900.1 | +4.0% +34.5 | -0.6% -5.3 | 905.5 |
| Operating profit | 55.8 | 64.3 | +15.1% +8.4 | +0.4% +0.2 | 64.0 |

Analysis of changes in operating profit





Food: Analysis of Operating Profit by Business – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | Segment Total | Yogurt & Cheese | Nutrition | Chocolate & Gummy | Drinking milk | B to B | Frozen dessert & ready meal | Overseas | Other/ domestic subsidiaries |
|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Operating Profit – FY2022 | 55.8 | 24.1 | 14.6 | 11.1 | -2.5 | 3.0 | 3.2 | -0.9 | 3.0 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +36.1 | +5.2 | +8.5 | +4.3 | +4.7 | +9.7 | +4.0 | +0.6 | -0.7 |
| Changes in COGS | -26.6 | -4.2 | -4.6 | -3.8 | -4.6 | -5.6 | -2.4 | -0.6 | -0.8 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -0.6 | +1.0 | -0.4 | +0.4 | +0.1 | -1.4 | +0.0 | -0.5 | +1.1 |
| Change in marketing expenses | -3.3 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -1.0 | -0.8 | +1.0 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | +2.8 (+0.6) | +1.4 | +0.0 | +0.9 | +0.6 | -0.8 | +0.2 | +0.3 | +0.2 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -0.6 | +0.5 | -0.0 | -0.3 | +0.3 | -0.0 | -0.0 | -1.0 | -0.1 |
| Operating Profit – FY2023 | 64.3 | 26.7 | 17.9 | 11.7 | -2.0 | 5.7 | 4.0 | -2.4 | 2.6 |



Food: Net Sales and Op. Profit by Business – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | | FY2022 | FY2023 | |
|-------------------|------------|--------|--------|----------------|
| | | Result | Result | YoY Change |
| Yogurt & cheese | Net sales | 202.5 | 203.0 | +0.3% +0.5 |
| roguit & cheese | Op. profit | 24.1 | 26.7 | +10.6% +2.5 |
| Nutrition | Net sales | 116.8 | 125.6 | +7.5% +8.7 |
| Nutruon | Op. profit | 14.6 | 17.9 | +22.7% +3.3 |
| Chocolate & gummy | Net sales | 102.8 | 103.7 | +0.9% +0.9 |
| | Op. profit | 11.1 | 11.7 | +4.9% +0.5 |
| Drinking milk | Net sales | 71.5 | 74.9 | +4.8% +3.4 |
| Drinking milk | Op. profit | -2.5 | -2.0 | +0.4 |
| B to B | Net sales | 71.1 | 80.4 | +13.0% +9.2 |
| | Op. profit | 3.0 | 5.7 | +86.5% +2.6 |

| | | FY2022 | FY2023 | |
|------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|----------------|
| | | Result | Result | YoY Change |
| Frozen dessert& | Net sales | 57.9 | 61.5 | +6.2% +3.5 |
| ready meal | Op. profit | 3.2 | 4.0 | +24.1% +0.7 |
| Overseas | Net sales | 68.5 | 77.7 | +13.4% +9.1 |
| | Op. profit | -0.9 | -2.4 | -1.4 |
| Other/ domestic subsidiaries | Net sales | 174.1 | 172.9 | -0.7% -1.1 |
| | Op. profit | 3.0 | 2.6 | -15.1% -0.4 |

Food: Sales by Main Product



| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | FY2023 | | FY2024 | |
|---|--------|--------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | Result | Result | YoY Change | Full-year Plan | YoY Change |
| Yogurt *2 | 76.1 | 74.7 | -1.9% | 76.5 | +2.7% |
| Functional yogurt *2 | 95.4 | 95.7 | +0.4% | 98.5 | +2.7% |
| Cheese | 28.2 | 28.8 | +2.2% | 27.5 | -4.6% |
| Chocolate | 99.1 | 102.9 | +3.8% | 104.2 | +1.2% |
| Infant formula and enteral formula *2 | 67.3 | 70.7 | +5.1% | 70.0 | +0.3% |
| Sports nutrition (incl. SAVAS Milk Protein) | 45.2 | 50.2 | +11.1% | 52.8 | +5.1% |
| Drinking milk, milk for home delivery | 72.3 | 75.2 | +4.1% | 735 | -2.3% |
| Ice cream | 41.6 | 45.8 | +10.0% | 46.0 | +0.5% |

^{*1:} Not calculated as net sales after applying revenue recognition accounting standards

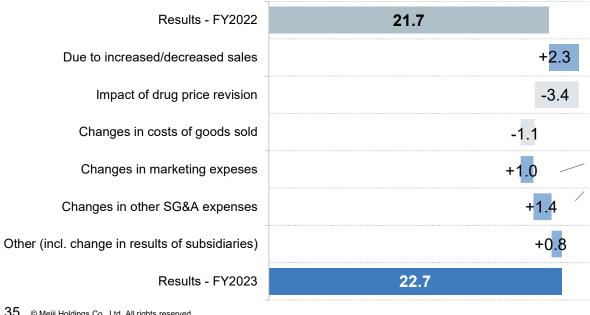
^{*2:} We revised the subcategory of some products from FY2024. YoY change for FY2024 is a comparison with figures after applying this subcategory change to FY2023 retroactively

Pharmaceutical: Summary – FY2023



| (JPY bn) | FY2022 Result | FY2023 Result | YoY Change | vs. FY2023 Plan | FY2023 Plan (Revised on Apr. 9) |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Net sales | 197.2 | 206.1 | +4.5% +8.8 | -1.0% -2.0 | 208.1 |
| Operating profit | 21.7 | 22.7 | +4.6% +0.9 | -3.3% -0.7 | 23.5 |

Analysis of changes in operating profit



: Increased in sales of domestic ethical pharmaceuticals business on higher demand for antibacterial drug Decreased in contract revenues from COVID-19 vaccines

: Increased in raw material costs

Decreased in costs due to sales efficiency improvement

: Increased in R&D expenses, while decreased in indirect manufacturing costs due to the spin-off of a production site (from indirect manufacturing costs to costs of purchased goods)

: Domestic, increased in profit from manufacturing subsidiaries and decreased in profit from generic drug sales subsidiary Overseas, increased in profit from subsidiaries in Thailand, Spain and India.



Pharmaceutical: Analysis of Operating Profit – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | Segment Total | Domestic ethical pharmaceuticals | Overseas ethical pharmaceuticals | Human vaccines | Veterinary drugs |
|---|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Operating Profit – FY2022 | 21.7 | 10.1 | 7.7 | 2.4 | 1.4 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +2.3 | +1.6 | +0.4 | +0.3 | +0.0 |
| Impact of drug price revision | -3.4 | -3.4 | _ | _ | _ |
| Changes in COGS | -1.1 | -0.2 | -0.8 | -0.0 | _ |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | +2.4 | +2.3 | -0.4 | +0.4 | _ |
| Change in marketing expenses | +1.0 | +1.3 | +0.0 | -0.4 | _ |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | +1.4 (-3.8) | +1.0 | -0.4 | +0.8 | _ |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | +0.8 | -2.3 | +2.6 | +0.9 | -0.3 |
| Operating Profit – FY2023 | 22.7 | 8.1 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 1.1 |



Pharmaceutical: Net Sales and Op. Profit by Business – FY2023

| (JPY bn) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | FY2022 Result | FY2023 Result | YoY Change |
| Domestic ethical | Net sales | 100.1 | 105.9 | +5.8% +5.8 |
| pharmaceuticals | Op. profit | 10.1 | 8.1 | -20.1% -2.0 |
| Overseas ethical pharmaceuticals | Net sales | 51.4 | 54.5 | +6.1% +3.1 |
| | Op. profit | 7.7 | 9.4 | +22.7% +1.7 |
| Human vaccines | Net sales | 34.7 | 34.7 | -0.1% -0.0 |
| | Op. profit | 2.4 | 4.0 | +65.5% +1.6 |
| Votorinan, drugo | Net sales | 10.8 | 10.8 | -0.7% -0.0 |
| Veterinary drugs | Op. profit | 1.4 | 1.1 | -21.9% -0.3 |



Plan for FY2024 and 2026 Medium-term **Business Plan**

Business Category Changes within Segments from FY2024



Until FY2023 From FY2024

| | Category | Main Products | Category | Main Products | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Food | Yogurt&cheese | Functional yogurt, cheese | Dairy | Functional yogurt, yogurt, drinking milk, overseas | | | |
| | Nutrition | Infant formula, sports nutrition (incl. SAVAS Milk Protein), enteral formula, beauty supplement | Chocolate | Chocolate, gummy, overseas | | | |
| | Chocolate&gummy | Chocolate, gummy | Nutrition | Infant formula, sports nutrition, rich in nutrition foods, overseas | | | |
| | Drinking milk | Drinking milk | Food solutions | B to B, cheese, frozen dessert, overseas | | | |
| | B to B | B to B food products | Other | Dairy ingredients, domestic subsidiaries | | | |
| | Frozen dessert&ready meal | Ice cream, prepared foods, butter and margarine | | | | | |
| | Overseas | Overseas subsidiaries, exports *Overseas business | includes in each business categor | y. | | | |
| | Other / domestic subsidiaries | Domestic subsidiaries, candy, OTC drugs | | | | | |
| Pharma | Domestic ethical pharmaceuticals | Domestic ethical pharmaceuticals, blood plasma products | Domestic pharmaceuticals (Japan) | Infectious disease, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), generic drugs | | | |
| | Overseas ethical pharmaceuticals | Overseas ethical pharmaceuticals | Overseas pharmaceuticals | Overseas direct sales business, overseas CMO/CDMO, global products | | | |
| | Human vaccines | Human vaccines | Vaccines and Veterinary drugs | Vaccines, veterinary drugs, newborn screening | | | |
| | Veterinary drugs | Veterinary drugs (Japan/overseas), veterinary vaccines | | | | | |

^{*}Following the above reclassification, the criteria for cost allocation were also revised.

Outlook for FY2024

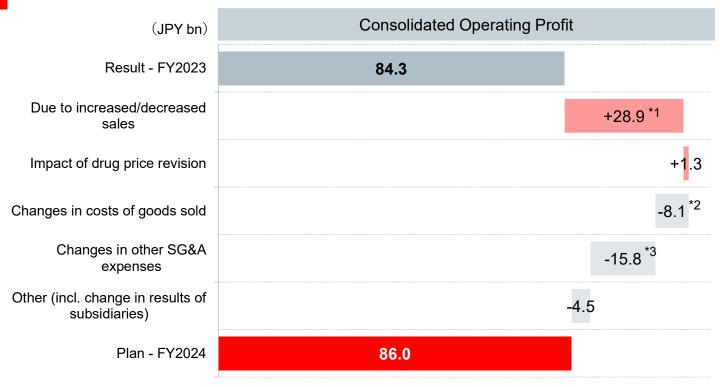


| (JPY bn) | | LIA Diam | | LIO Diam | | Full-year | |
|---------------------|---|----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | | H1 Plan | YoY Change | H2 Plan | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| ted | Net sales | 561.5 | +2.8% +15.4 | 597.5 | +6.8% +38.0 | 1,159.0 | +4.8% +53.5 |
| Consolidated | Operating profit | 36.0 | -19.0% -8.4 | 50.0 | +25.4% +10.1 | 86.0 | +2.0% +1.6 |
| Cor | Profit attributable to owners of parent | 21.0 | -24.8% -6.9 | 29.0 | +27.5% +6.2 | 50.0 | -1.3% -0.6 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Food | Net sales | 453.3 | +1.8% +7.8 | 460.5 | +1.3% +5.9 | 913.8 | +1.5% +13.7 |
| S. | Operating profit | 30.0 | +1.1% +0.3 | 36.0 | +4.0% +1.3 | 66.0 | +2.6% +1.6 |
| Pharma | Net sales | 108.6 | +7.7% +7.7 | 137.2 | +30.4% +31.9 | 245.8 | +19.3% +39.7 |
| Pha | Operating profit | 8.5 | -46.3% -7.3 | 16.5 | +142.2% +9.6 | 25.0 | +10.2% +2.3 |
| HD/ eliminations | Net sales | -0.4 | -0.1 | -0.2 | — +0.1 | -0.7 | +0.0 |
| elimin | Operating profit | -2.5 | -1.3 | -2.5 | -0.9 | -5.0 ^{*1} | -2.3 |

^{*1:} Including cost increase due to organizational reforms (mainly labor costs)



Analysis of Consolidated Operating Profit – FY2024



| Food | Pharma | Other |
|-------|--------|-------|
| 64.3 | 22.7 | -2.7 |
| +21.1 | +7.8 | _ |
| _ | +1.3 | _ |
| -8.8 | +0.6 | _ |
| -6.9 | -8.9 | _ |
| -3.7 | +1.6 | -2.3 |
| 66.0 | 25.0 | -5.0 |

[Pharma] Cost reduction: +0.6

*3: [Food] Increase in marketing expenses and logistics costs: -6.1, Increase in other costs: -0.8 [Pharma] Increase in marketing expenses and logistics costs: -1.9, Increase in other costs: -7.0

^{*1:} Including the effect of price hikes

^{*2: [}Food] Increase in raw materials costs (incl. domestic raw milk and cocoa): -9.7, Other (incl. decrease in product amount): +0.9



Food: Analysis of Operating Profit by Business – FY2024

| (JPY bn) | Segment Total | Dairy | Chocolate | Nutrition | Food solutions | Other |
|--|------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-------|
| Result Operating Profit – FY2023 | 64.3 | 19.9 | 15.5 | 16.4 | 9.8 | 2.4 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +21.1 | +7.6 | +5.4 | +5.2 | +5.4 | -2.5 |
| Changes in COGS | -8.8 | -1.5 | -4.8 | -0.4 | -2.0 | -0.2 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -6.9 | -3.5 | -0.2 | -2.0 | -1.9 | +0.7 |
| Change in marketing expenses and logistics costs | -6.1 | -2.3 | -1.0 | -1.4 | -1.2 | -0.1 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -0.8 (+0.5) | -1.2 | +0.8 | -0.6 | -0.7 | +0.9 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -3.7 | +0.5 | -2.1 | -0.1 | -1.3 | -0.7 |
| Plan Operating Profit – FY2024 | 66.0 | 23.0 | 13.8 | 19.3 | 10.0 | -0.1 |



Food: Net Sales and Op. Profit by Business

| (JPY bn) | | FY2023 | FY2024 | | FY2026 | | |
|-------------------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------|------------------|--|
| | | Result | Plan | YoY Change | Target | vs. FY2023 | |
| Dainy | Net sales | 266.6 | 274.3 | +2.9% +7.7 | _ | _ | |
| Dairy | Op. profit | 19.9 | 23.0 | +15.3% +3.0 | 29.5 | +47.7% +9.5 | |
| Chocolate | Net sales | 155.5 | 160.1 | +3.0% +4.6 | _ | _ | |
| Chocolate | Op. profit | 15.5 | 13.8 | -11.3% -1.7 | 20.5 | +31.7% +4.9 | |
| Nutrition | Net sales | 110.8 | 114.2 | +3.1% +3.4 | _ | | |
| Nutrition | Op. profit | 16.4 | 19.3 | +17.1% +2.8 | 21.5 | +30.4% +5.0 | |
| Food solutions | Net sales | 196.4 | 202.2 | +2.9% +5.7 | _ | _ | |
| Food Solutions | Op. profit | 9.8 | 10.0 | +2.0% +0.1 | 16.0 | +62.3% +6.1 | |
| Other | Net sales | 170.6 | 162.8 | -4.6% -7.8 | _ | _ | |
| Other | Op. profit | 2.4 | -0.1 | _ -2.6 | -4.5 | - | |
| | | | | | | | |
| [Included in the above] | Net sales | 77.7 | 88.3 | +13.6% +10.6 | 170.0 | +118.6% +92.2 | |
| Overseas | Op. profit | -2.4 | -5.3 | _ -2.8 | 3.2 | | |



Pharmaceutical: Analysis of Operating Profit – FY2024

| (JPY bn) | Segment Total | Domestic pharmaceuticals (Japan) | Overseas pharmaceuticals | Vaccines and Veterinary drugs |
|--|----------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Results Operating Profit – FY2023 | 22.7 | 15.8 | 4.9 | 1.9 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +7.8 | -1.1 | -1.2 | +10.1 |
| Impact of drug price revision | +1.3 | +1.3 | _ | _ |
| Changes in COGS | +0.6 | +0.7 | -0.1 | -0.0 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -8.9 | -2.4 | -2.4 | -4.2 |
| Change in marketing expenses and logistics costs | -1.9 | +0.2 | -0.4 | -1.6 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -7.0 (-6.9) | -2.5 | -1.9 | -2.6 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | +1.6 | +1.3 | -1.0 | +1.3 |
| Plan Operating Profit – FY2024 | 25.0 | 15.6 | 0.2 | 9.2 |

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^{*} Results of FY2023 are reference figures with retroactive application of new classification from FY2024

Pharmaceutical: Net Sales and Op. Profit by Business



| (JPY bn) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | FY2023 Result | FY2024 Plan | YoY Change | FY2026 Target | vs. FY2023 | |
| Domestic | Net sales | 105.2 | 111.6 | +6.0% +6.3 | _ | _ | |
| pharmaceuticals (Japan) | Op. profit | 15.8 | 15.6 | -1.6% -0.2 | 28.2 | +77.9% +12.3 | |
| Overseas pharmaceuticals | Net sales | 57.1 | 65.7 | +15.0% +8.5 | _ | _ | |
| | Op. profit | 4.9 | 0.2 | -95.9% -4.7 | 2.4 | -51.3% -2.5 | |
| Vaccines and Veterinary drugs | Net sales | 43.7 | 68.5 | +56.7% +24.7 | _ | _ | |
| | Op. profit | 1.9 | 9.2 | +374.4% +7.2 | 9.5 | +389.9% +7.5 | |

Meiji ROESG Target of FY2026



ROE

3 years average (Target for FY2026: 9.5% or more)



Achieve **ESG** goals

Depending on achievement, set coefficient x0.8-1.2

Meiji ROESG

Target for FY2026: 9.8 pt

| | Evaluation indicator | Target for FY2026 |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| External ESG evaluation | MSCI ESG Ratings | AA |
| | DJSI | 72 points or more |
| | ISS ESG | C ⁺ (50 points or more) |
| Indicator of business and financial value | Food: Sales of Meiji ROESG target brand line | Achievement of yearly plan |
| | Pharma: Sales of Meiji ROESG target products | Achievement of yearly plan |

Details of target products

Food

- 1. Health-oriented foods and value-added nutritional foods (Meiji Bulgaria Yogurt, Meiji Probio Yogurt R-1, Chocolate Koka, SAVAS, Meiji MeiBalance, etc.)
- 2. Foods with our environmentally and socially conscious procurement activities for a sustainable society (Meiji Oishii Gyunyu, Meiji Milk Chocolate, Meiji Hokkaido Tokachi series (yogurt and cheese), etc.)

Pharmaceutical

- 1. Influenza vaccine
- 2. Stable supply drugs (Category A)



Others

Key Currencies and Our Average Exchange Rates



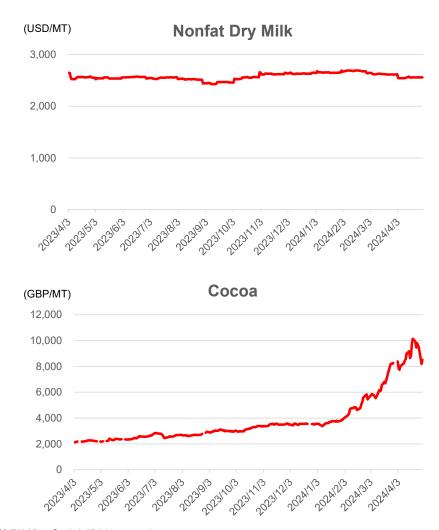


Exchange rate assumptions

| FY2024 Plan | | | | |
|-------------|--------|--|--|--|
| USD | JPY145 | | | |
| EUR | JPY155 | | | |
| RMB | JPY20 | | | |

Food: Market Prices of Main Raw Materials Imported







Source: Bloomberg

Pharmaceutical: R&D Pipeline - 1



| | Code No. (Generic Name) | Efficacy Classification | Target Disease | Stage |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Infectious disease | OP0595* (Nacubactam) | β-lactamase inhibitor | Infections caused by carbapenem-resistant bacteria | Phase III (Japan, Overseas)** |
| | ME3208 (Belumosudil) | ROCK2 inhibitor | Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease | Approved (Japan) Filed (South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand) |
| New fields | DMB-3115 | Biosimilar | Plaque psoriasis/ Psoriatic arthritis/ Crohn's disease/ Ulcerative colitis | Filed (Overseas) Phase I |
| ields | HBI-8000 (Tucidinostat) | Histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor | Unresectable or metastatic melanoma | Phase III (Japan, Overseas)** |
| | ME3183* | Selective PDE4 inhibitor | Psoriasis | Phase II (Overseas) |
| | HBI-8000 (Tucidinostat) | Histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor | Relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma | Phase lb / II (Japan) |

*Discovered in-house **Multi-Regional Clinical Trials

Pharmaceutical: R&D Pipeline - 2



| | Code No. (Generic Name) | Efficacy Classification | Target Disease | Stage |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Vaccine | KD-370 | Vaccine | Pentavalent vaccine against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poliovirus, and haemophilus influenza type b | Approved (Japan) |
| | ARCT-154 | Vaccine | Self-amplifying mRNA vaccine against COVID-19 | Approved (Japan) |
| | ARCT-2301 | Vaccine | Self-amplifying mRNA vaccine against COVID-19 (Bivalent: Original strain and Omicron strain) | Phase III (Japan) |
| | KD-414 | Vaccine | Inactivated vaccine against COVID-19 (Adults) | Phase III (18-40 years old, Japan)** |
| | KD-414 | Vaccine | Inactivated vaccine against COVID-19 (Pediatric) | Phase III (6 months - 11 years old, Japan) |
| | KD-414 | Vaccine | Inactivated vaccine against COVID-19 (Pediatric, Omicron strain) | Phase III (6 months - 12 years old, Japan) |
| | KD2-396 | Vaccine | Hexavalent vaccine against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poliovirus, haemophilus influenza type b, and Hepatitis B virus | Phase II (Japan) |
| | KD-382 | Vaccine | Quadrivalent vaccine against dengue fever | Phase I (Overseas) |

*Discovered in-house **Multi-Regional Clinical Trials

Pharmaceutical: R&D Pipeline - 3



| | Code No. | Efficacy Classification | Stage |
|------------------|--------------|--|-------------------|
| Veterinary Drugs | ME4137 | Injectable antibacterial drug for cattle | Approved (Japan) |
| | ME4137 | Injectable antibacterial drug for swine | Filed (Japan) |
| | KD-412* | Vaccine for cattle | Filed (Japan) |
| | MD-22-3002 | Anti-inflammatory drug for cattle, swine and horse | Filed (Japan) |
| | ME4305* | Antibacterial drug for cattle | Under development |
| | MD-22-1001-1 | Injectable antibacterial drug for cattle | Under development |
| | ME4406* | Feed Additive | Under development |

*Discovered in-house

Now ideas for wellness



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