

Financial Results for FYE March 2023 (FY2022)

(From April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023)

May 11, 2023

Note

- 1. FY2022 Plan was revised on February 9, 2023.
- 2. A two-for-one common stock split was issued on April 1, 2023. EPS and dividends are calculated on the assumption that the stock split was conducted at the beginning of the previous consolidated fiscal year.

Meiji Holdings Co., Ltd.



1. Financial Summary for FY2022



Summary for FY2022 Consolidated Results

| (JPY bn) | FY2021 | FY2022 | | | FY2022 |
|---|------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|---------|
| | Results Re | Results | YoY Change | vs. Plan | Plan |
| Net sales | 1,013.0 | 1,062.1 | +4.8% +49.0 | +0.4% +4.1 | 1,058.0 |
| Net sales for Overseas business | 92.9 | 120.0 | +29.1% +27.0 | -0.5% -0.5 | 120.6 |
| Operating profit | 92.9 | 75.4 | -18.8% -17.4 | -2.7% -2.0 | 77.5 |
| Op. profit margin | 9.2% | 7.1% | -2.1 pt | -0.2 pt | 7.3% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 87.4 | 69.4 | -20.7% -18.0 | +11.9% +7.4 | 62.0 |
| EPS (JPY) | 303.62 | 247.39 | -56.24 | +26.94 | 220.44 |
| ROE | 13.5% | 10.0% | -3.5 pt | +1.0 pt | 9.0% |

FY2022 Results

Net sales increased, while operating profit decreased

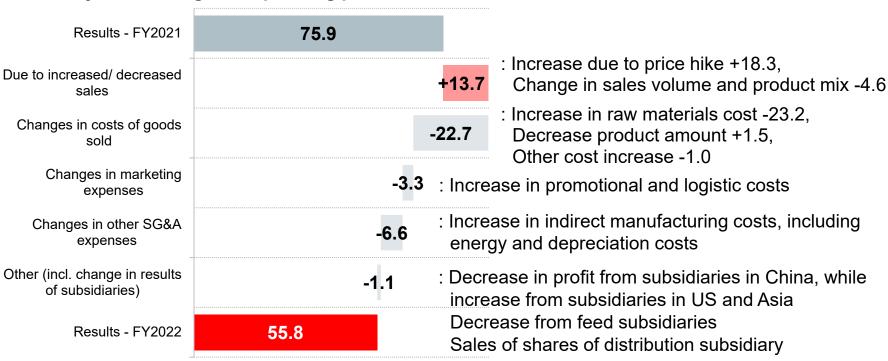
- Net sales: Increased both in Food and Pharmaceutical segments Sales ratio for overseas business exceeded 10%
- Operating profit: Food, significant decrease, Pharmaceutical, significant increase
- Profit attributable to owners of parent: Decreased significantly resulting decreased ROE
 → Recorded gains on transfer of agricultural chemicals business in FY2021
- Reduced cross-shareholdings steadily, and repurchased outstanding shares

Food: Summary for FY2022



| (JPY bn) | FY2021 Results | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | vs. Plan | FY2022 Plan |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Net sales | 826.0 | 865.6 | +4.8% +39.5 | +0.5% +4.4 | 861.2 |
| Operating profit | 75.9 | 55.8 | -26.5% -20.0 | -6.9% -4.1 | 60.0 |

Analysis of changes in operating profit

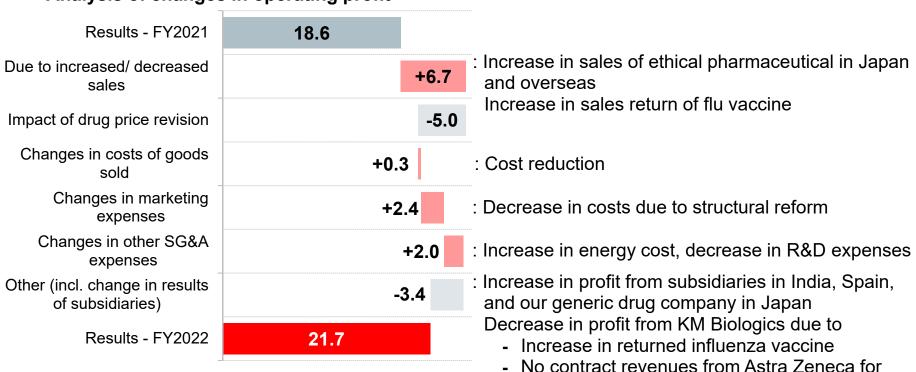


Pharmaceutical: Summary for FY2022



| (JPY bn) | FY2021 Results | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | vs. Plan | FY2022 Plan |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Net sales | 187.9 | 197.2 | +4.9% +9.2 | -0.1% -0.2 | 197.5 |
| Operating profit | 18.6 | 21.7 | +16.4% +3.0 | +8.6% +1.7 | 20.0 |

Analysis of changes in operating profit



COVID-19 vaccine formulation

Progress for Meiji ROESG®



Indicators Achieve The Meiji unique to ROE **ROESG® ESG** goals Meiji Average of **Achievement** Add at the end FY2022 Result FY2020-2022 coefficient of FY2023 13.8 points 11.5% x1.2 * Achieve 5: x1.2 Achieve 4: x1.0

| Evaluation indicator | FY2021 Result | FY2022 Result |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| MSCI ESG Ratings | BBB | Α |
| DJSI | 55 points | 61 points |
| FTSE4Good | 3.0 points | 3.7 points |
| CDP (Climate Change) | A- | Α |
| CDP (Water Security) | Α | Α |

| Target for FY2022 |
|-------------------|
| BBB |
| 60 points |
| 3.3 points |
| A- |
| Α |

Achieved target for FY2022 in 5 ESG evaluation indicators

Achieve <4: x0.8

- Earned top rating (A-list) from CDP in both climate change and water security
- Evaluation for environment, governance, occupational health and safety, and human capital were improved

^{*} ROESG is a registered trademark for a management indicator developed by Kunio Ito, a professor at Hitotsubashi University

Now ideas for wellness

ESG: Topical Overview in FY2022

- Promoting our initiatives according to the roadmap for achieving carbon neutrality by 2050
 Our efforts to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) include:
 - ✓ Calculated carbon footprint of products (CFP) for Meiji Organic Milk
 - Created a business model using the J-Credit Scheme, collaborating with Ajinomoto Co., Inc.
- Formulated the Meiji Group Foreign Worker Employment Guidelines to promote human rights due diligence
 Promoting the understanding and implementing the Guidelines in domestic subcontractors, not limited to our group
- Started efforts to integrate sustainability and business, such as the Meiji Group Nutrient Profiling System
- An outside director joined having expertise in global business, sustainability, and diversity
 Increased discussion from a medium- to long-term perspective at Board of Directors meetings



2. Plan for FY2023 and Focal Points

Consolidated Plan for FY2023



| (JP | PY bn) | FY2023 | | FY2023 | | FY2023 | |
|--------------|---|---------|-----------------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------------|
| | | H1 Plan | YoY Change | H2 Plan | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| ated | Net sales | 544.0 | +5.1% +26.4 | 558.0 | +2.5% +13.3 | 1,102.0 | +3.8% +39.8 |
| Consolidated | Operating profit | 32.0 | -25.9% -11.1 | 46.0 | +42.7% +13.7 | 78.0 | +3.4% +2.5 |
| Con | Profit attributable to owners of parent | 20.0 | -40.1% -13.3 | 31.0 | -14.0% -5.0 | 51.0 | -26.5% -18.4 |
| | | | +4.9% | | +0.1% | | +2.5% |
| po | Net sales | 441.4 | +20.7 | 445.6 | +0.6 | 887.0 | +21.3 |
| Food | Operating profit | 25.9 | -11.7% -3.4 | 30.1 | +13.4% +3.5 | 56.0 | +0.2% +0.1 |
| Pharma | Net sales | 102.9 | +5.9% +5.7 | 112.6 | +12.5% +12.5 | 215.5 | +9.2% +18.2 |
| Pha | Operating profit | 7.3 | -50.2% -7.3 | 17.7 | +150.3% +10.6 | 25.0 | +15.1% +3.2 |

Net sales: Increase in both Food and Pharmaceutical segments Operating profit: Increases driven by Pharmaceutical segment

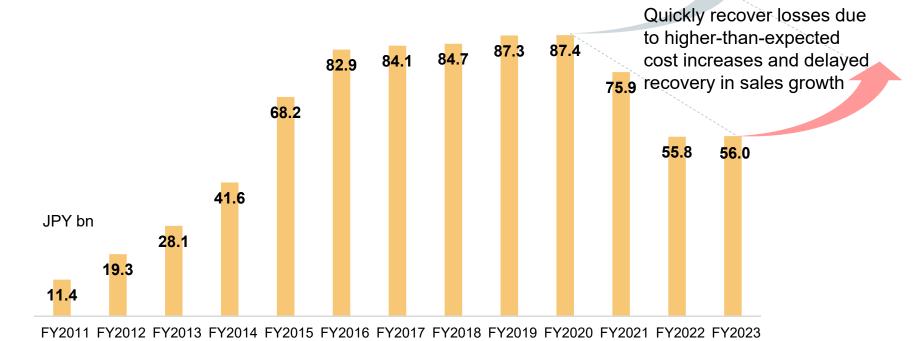
- Food: Benefit from the price hike, while cost increase continues during the first half
- Pharmaceutical: Decrease due to an increase in R&D expenses and contract revenue of COVID-19 vaccines in the first half

Expecting sales of ARCT-154 in the second half

Profit attributable to owners of parent: Decrease. Recorded extraordinary income from sale of research laboratories land in FY2022

Food: Changes in Operating Profit





Main factors for changes in profit (JPY bn)

| | 2014 Med-Term Business Plan | 2017 Med-Term Business Plan | 2020 Med-Term Business Plan | 2023 Med-Term Business Plan |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cost increase | -16.5 | -6.1 | 0.7 | -69.0 |
| Price hike | 4.6 | 15.2 | 12.6 | 77.1 |
| Increased/ decreased sales | 41.0 | 19.5 | -18.1 | -20.4 |
| Others | 1.1 | 13.9 | 8.1 | -19.1 |

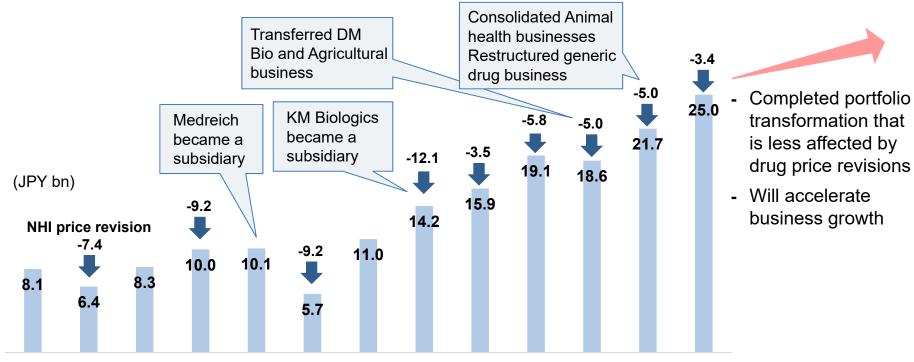
Has been recovered losses due to the cost increase a bit later



- Focus on price hike penetration and addedvalue marketing
- Start restructuring the business

Pharmaceutical: Changes in Operating Profit





FY2011 FY2012 FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 FY2016 FY2017 FY2018 FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 FY2023

Main factors for changes in profit (JPY bn)

| | 2014 Med-Term Business Plan | 2017 Med-Term Business Plan | 2020 Med-Term Business Plan | 2023 Med-Term Business Plan |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| NHI drug price revisions | -16.6 | -9.2 | -21.4 | -13.4 |
| Increased/ decreased sales | 19.7 | 8.4 | 2.4 | 19.2 |
| Others | -1.2 | 1.8 | 27.0 | 0 |

Position of FY2023



Period toward next Medium-Term Business Plan

Our focal points

Strategies to offset cost increase

- Penetrate price hikes
- Continue marketing investment

Change strategies in core business

- Recover sales growth and secure stable revenue by pursuing added value
- Start business restructuring to build a robust foundation for revenue

Invest management resources in future growth drivers

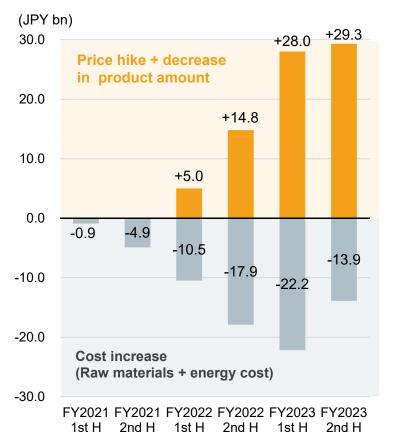
- Expand overseas business and develop new vaccine
- Accelerate development pipelines in the Pharmaceutical segment
- Venture into new domains and collaborate with startups and venture companies

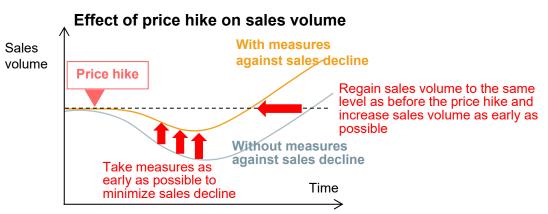
Integrate sustainability and business performance

Food: Efforts to Overcome Cost Increase



Effects on operating profit





Steadily recovering losses by increasing the price and decreasing the product net content

- Recovered sales volume of value-added products Strengthen product strategy and marketing and increase sales volume
- Delay in sales recovery of commodity products due to delay in price hike penetration

The cost increases will impact profit during the 1st half of FY2023

Need to check closely on raw milk price in Japan Invest effectively in marketing in FY2023

Food: Secure Profit by Seeking Added-Value for Core Business meiji



Increase added-value







Functional yogurt

- *LG21*: Favorable, gained new young customers
- Shibou Taisaku Yogurt*: Favorable * Yogurt for body fat reduction
- R-1: Revive sales, launch a new product that enhanced product appeal with functions and features

Yogurt

 Meiji Bulgaria Yogurt: Tastier with new production method for the first time in 10 years 50th anniversary, maximize brand exposure

Chocolate and gummy

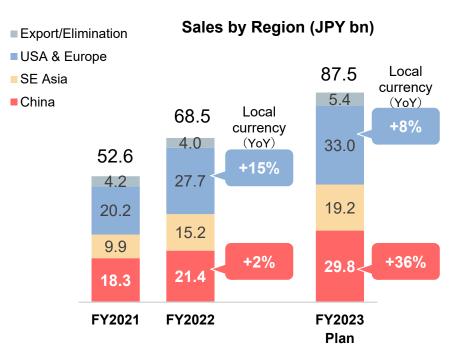
- Expand product lines and acquire new customers
 - ✓ Launched Chocolate Kouka Plus in March, food with two function claims Appeal function claims to the customers
 - Gummy products: Launch new products featuring health

Sports nutrition

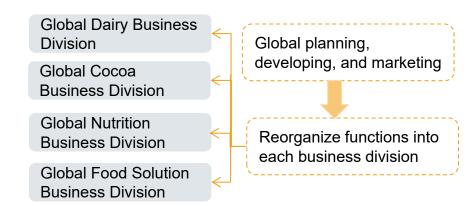
SAVAS: Premiumization and expand product lines Focus on web marketing

Food: Accelerate to Grow Overseas Business





- Reorganized to drive growth of overseas business in April 2023
- Business directors are responsible to businesses both in Japan and overseas



Drinking milk and yogurt business in China

B to B business: Favorable

Products for the consumer market: Launch new products produced in Tianjin factory that started in January, Expand sales area and regain sales

Confectionary and ice cream business in China

Outstanding product appeal, Expand sales area and continue sales growth ahead of starting new factories in Guangzhou and Shanghai

Businesses in the US

Increase price to offset cost increase and regain sales Expand sales area for Meiji brand chocolate snacks

Pharmaceutical: Grow Vaccine Business -1



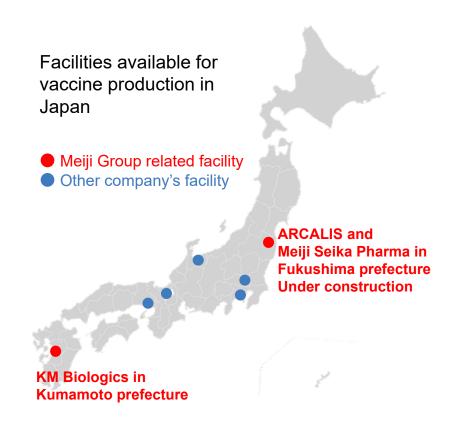
Vaccine market is expected to grow steadily
Promote initiatives linked to Developing Biopharmaceutical Manufacturing Sites
to Strengthen Vaccine Production Project Offered by METI

Developing Biopharmaceutical Manufacturing Sites to Strengthen Vaccine Production Project

Basic Policy for Economic and Fiscal Management and Reform 2021

Approved in a Cabinet meeting in June 28, 2021

- 1 Establish the world's top-level R&D center
- 2 Raise strategic research fund
- 3 Improve infrastructure of clinical trials
- Accelerating regulatory approval process and establish standards
- 5 Construct vaccine production facilities
- 6 Nurture drug development ventures
- 7 Nurture vaccine development/ manufacturing industry
- 8 Drive international cooperation
- 9 Improve public health surveillance system to stimulate vaccine development



Pharmaceutical: Grow Vaccine Business -2



Develop COVID-19 vaccine

- Next-generation mRNA Vaccine for COVID-19 (ARCT-154)
 - Concluded an alliance agreement April 11 for distribution and sales in Japan with CSL Seqirus
 - Submitted NDA in Japan April 28
- Inactivated vaccine for COVID-19 (KD-414) January 31 Started pediatric PIII trial

Adapt to the environmental changes over the influenza vaccine

- Ship vaccine timely
- Enhance awareness-raising activities for inoculation
- New initiatives: Acquire mRNA vaccine technology and develop high-valueadded products

Accomplish dual-use facility development project* offered by METI Establish and promote global strategy

Collaboration structure for ARCT-154 Dual-use facility Meiji development Manufacturing project* and Sales Contract Contract **ARCALIS** CSL Segirus/ **CDMO Arcturus** Manufacturing **Therapeutics** API and formulation

^{*} Developing Biopharmaceutical Manufacturing Sites to Strengthen Vaccine Production Project For development pipeline, refer to page 43-45

Pharmaceutical: Foster Growth Drivers



Accelerate Research & Development

- Prepare to submitting NDA for ME3208
- Accelerate development of DMB-3115 (Biosimilar) and ME3183 considering overseas market
- Accelerate decision-making and tighten control of the R&D portfolio through the R&D steering committee
- Promote development project through research network and cooperation with external organization

Expand CMO/CDMO* Business

- Expand manufacturing capacity in India
 - ✓ Completed new manufacturing building in Adcock Ingram Strive for obtaining the necessary approvals to start commercial production and shipment during FY2023
 - ✓ Planning to expand manufacturing capacity in Medreich
- Develop new customers and deepen relationship with existing customers
- Improve productivity by reviewing product portfolio

* CMO: Contract manufacturing organization, CDMO: Contract development and manufacturing organization 17 © Meiji Holdings Co., Ltd. All rights reserved. For development pipeline, refer to page 43-45

Sustainability in Dairy Farming





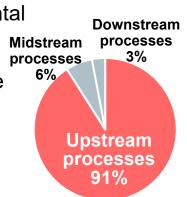
Reducing CO₂ emissions volume in dairy farming is our top priority as a leading manufacturer of drinking milk that should maximize the value of milk

Calculated CFP for drinking milk

- Calculated based on field data from dairy farmers using the international calculation method that references guidelines of international organizations
- Visualize environmental burden and use for awareness-raising activities to the whole industry

volume in FY2021

(CO₂ equivalent)



Use J-Credit Scheme

- Reduce GHG emissions volume by feeding improved amino acid balance feed
- Reduced volume is converted to credits based on the J-Credit scheme
- The trading credit value, a new revenue source, is paid to the dairy farmers to support them

CFP calculation result for Meiji Organic Milk

Upstream processes: Raw materials procurement

Midstream processes: Production

Downstream processes: Distribution - waist

Strengthen Management Base to Support Sustainable Growth



Reform Human Resource Management

Set the Meiji Group's Ideal Identity in 2050 and numerical target after discussion in the Group **Human Capital Committee**

| Ratio of female | Mid-career hires | Ratio of global |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| human resources | | human resources |
| 50 % | More than 30% | More than 30% |

April 2023 Named CHRO (Chief Human Resource Officer)

> Established Occupational Safety Subcommittee under the Meiji Group Human **Capital Committee**

Joined the 30% Club Japan*

Promote Intellectual Property Strategy

Established the overall controlling organization for intellectual strategy in Meiji April 2023 **Holdings**

- Plan and execute the group-wide intellectual property strategy
- Establish a long-term patent portfolio in cooperation with Wellness Science Laboratories (formerly Co-Creation Center)

^{*} A campaign taking action to increase the proportion of women in key decision-making bodies of companies, including the board of directors



3. Financial Strategy and Returns to Shareholders

Capital Investment and Returns to Shareholders



Net cash flow from operating activities

2023 Med-Term BP* (projected)
JPY **272.5** bn

FY2021-2022 Result FY2023 Plan 212.5 bn 60.0 bn

Sale of assets

2023 Med-Term BP* (projected) approx. JPY **100.0** bn

Reduce cross-shareholding stocks

By the end of FY2023

Reduce 30% (compare to book value in FY2020)

Transfer of business and asset sales etc.

FY2021-2022 Result Agricultural business, DM Bio, sale of noncurrent assets of Pharmaceutical Research Center, etc.

| Capital Investment | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| (JPY bn) | | 2023 Med- | 2023 Med- |
| FY2021-2022 Result | FY2023 Plan | Term BP* (projected) | Term BP* (original) |
| 165.3 | 62.8 | 228.2 | 274.0 |

- Mainly invest in overseas business in FY2023
- Difference between result and 2023 Medium-Term Business Plan is mainly because of delayed construction period and revision in Food segment

Returns to Shareholders

own shares

| | FY2021 Result | FY2022 Result | FY2023 Plan |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Annual dividends | JPY 85 | JPY 90 | JPY 95 |
| Payout ratio | 28.0% | 36.4% | 52.3% |
| Acquisition of | IDV 20 0 I | | |

 Steadily increase dividends to increase return to shareholders
 Our policy is to increase the dividend payout ratio to 40%

JPY 30.0 bn JPY 10.0 bn

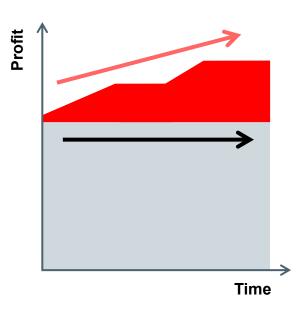


Progress of Meiji ROESG® Management

Now ideas for wellness 2026 Medium-Term Business Plan (FY2024-2026) Strive to Create New Markets and Improve Cash Flow

The Meiji Group's sustainable growth model

The Group has created new markets. Add further benefits gained as the first-mover advantage to a stable earnings base



Create New Markets

- Our strength R&D, technological capability, marketing capability, etc.
- Issues to be addressed Develop as soon as possible the products that drive business performance following functional yogurt Keeping a long-term view of the potential market

Gain Stable Cash Flow

- Our strength Outstanding brand awareness, high value-added product portfolio, intellectual resources and technologies for product lifecycle management, etc.
- Issues to be addressed Improve capital efficiency to cope with changes in the external environment and the competitive environment

Progress to Achieve Meiji ROESG® Management



Create New Markets

- Integrate sustainability and business performance Pursue Trade-On
- Effectively invest in the possible growth market Overseas, vaccine, nutrition, wellness science, etc.

Keep and improve stable cash flow

- Review business portfolio and improve capital efficiency using ROIC
- Undertake growth-enhancing structural reforms Decrease SKUs, review production structure, etc.
- Strengthen existing business by taking new measures Using digital technology, etc.

Strengthen management base to achieve above

 Execute human capital strategy linked to management strategy successfully

2026 Medium Term Management Plan will be announced in May 2024 By the end of FY2023, get ready for profit recovery



Appendices



Consolidated Financial Results for FY2022

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | | |
|---|---------|-----------------|---|
| | Results | YoY Change | Main factors for the change |
| Net sales | 1,062.1 | +4.8% +49.0 | — Details on pages 2-4 |
| Operating profit | 75.4 | -18.8% -17.4 | — Details on pages 2-4 |
| Non-operating profit | 4.6 | -14.6% -0.7 | Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method (-1.5) Foreign exchange gains (+0.3) Interest income (+0.1) Dividend income (+0.1) |
| Non-operating expenses | 5.8 | +35.9% +1.5 | - Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method (+2.1) - Business commencement expenses (+0.8) - Other (-1.4) |
| Ordinary profit | 74.1 | -21.1% -19.8 | _ |
| Extraordinary income | 29.6 | -41.7% -21.1 | - Gain on sales of shares of subsidiaries and associates (-33.6) - Gain on sales of non-current assets (+16.2) |
| Extraordinary losses | 8.3 | -48.7% -7.9 | - Loss on tax purpose reduction entry of non-current assets (-8.4) |
| Profit before income taxes | 95.4 | -25.7% -33.0 | _ |
| Income taxes-total | 23.9 | -33.7% -12.1 | - Income taxes - current (-7.5) - Income taxes - deferred (-4.5) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests | 2.0 | -57.6% -2.8 | _ |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 69.4 | -20.7% -18.0 | _ |

Financial Position as of March 2023



| (JPY bn) | Results | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| | as of Mar. 2023 | YoY Change | Main Factors for Change |
| Current assets | 470.9 | +3.4% +15.3 | - Raw materials and supplies (+11.6) - Other (+5.6) - Work in process (+1.3) - Cash and deposits (-3.8) |
| Non-current assets | 665.2 | +0.5% +3.4 | Deferred tax assets (+7.2) - Construction in progress (+5.6) Buildings and structures, net (+4.7) - Investment securities (-11.4) Land (-3.1) |
| Total assets | 1,136.2 | +1.7% +18.7 | _ |
| Current liabilities | 266.2 | -7.2% -20.5 | - Short-term borrowings (-13.3) - Income taxes payable (-8.8) |
| Non-current liabilities | 118.6 | +0.9% +1.0 | - Long-term borrowings (+6.4) - Retirement benefit liability(+1.5) - Other (+2.8) - Bonds payable (-10.0) |
| Total liabilities | 384.9 | -4.8% -19.5 | _ |
| Shareholders' equity | 665.1 | +5.1% +32.2 | - Retained earnings (+41.8) - Treasury shares (-9.6) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 46.7 | +15.6% +6.3 | Foreign currency translation adjustments (+10.1) Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities (-4.7) |
| Non-controlling interests | 39.3 | -0.7% -0.2 | _ |
| Total net assets | 751.3 | +5.4% +38.2 | _ |
| Interest bearing debt | 64.3 | -20.8% -16.8 | - Short-term borrowings (-13.3) |
| Equity ratio | 62.7% | +2.4 pt | _ |

Consolidated Cash Flows for FY2022



| (JPY bn) | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | Main Factors for Change |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 85.0 | -42.5 | Profit before income taxes (-33.0) Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (-17.3) Decrease in contract liability (-10.6) Loss on tax purpose reduction entry of non-current assets (-8.4) Increase in inventories (-8.1) Gain on sales of shares of subsidiaries and associates (+33.5) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | -36.7 | -9.1 | Proceeds from sale of investment securities (-44.2) Subsidies received (-7.3) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+21.7) Purchase of property, plant and equipment (+19.5) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | -54.7 | +22.2 | Increase in treasury shares (+20.2) Proceeds from long-term borrowings (+9.7) Net increase in short-term borrowings (+5.7) Proceeds from issuance of bonds (-9.9) Repayments of long-term borrowings (-1.9) |
| Free cash flows | 48.2 | -51.6 | |

Financial Indicators for FY2022 and FY2023



| (JPY bn) | FY2021 | FY2022 | | FY2023 | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Full-year Results | Full-year Results | YoY Change | Full-year Plan | YoY Change |
| Net sales | 1,013.0 | 1,062.1 | +4.8% +49.0 | 1,102.0 | +3.8% +39.8 |
| Operating profit | 92.9 | 75.4 | -18.8% -17.4 | 78.0 | +3.4% +2.5 |
| Operating profit ratio | 9.2% | 7.1% | -2.1 pt | 7.1% | -0.0 pt |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 87.4 | 69.4 | -20.7% -18.0 | 51.0 | -26.5% -18.4 |
| EPS (JPY) | 303.62 | 247.39 | -56.24 | 181.73 | -65.65 |
| Cash dividends per share (JPY) | 85 | 90 | +5 | 95 | +5 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 28.0% | 36.4% | +8.4 pt | 52.3% | +15.9 pt |
| ROE | 13.5% | 10.0% | -3.5 pt | 7.0% | -3.0 pt |
| ROIC | 8.4% | 6.3% | -2.1 pt | 6.5% | +0.2 pt |
| Capital expenditures | 93.1 | 72.1 | -22.5% -20.9 | 62.8 | -12.8% -9.2 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 127.5 | 85.0 | -33.3% -42.5 | 60.0 | -29.4% -25.0 |
| Free cash flows | 99.9 | 48.2 | -51.7% -51.6 | 10.0 | -79.3% -38.2 |



Food: Net Sales and Operating Profit by Business

| | (JPY bn) | FY2021 Results | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | FY2023 Plan | YoY Change |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Yogurt and | Net sales | 209.7 | 202.5 | -3.5% -7.2 | 203.1 | +0.3% +0.5 |
| Cheese | Op. Profit | 34.9 | 24.1 | -30.9% -10.8 | 25.2 | +4.6% +1.1 |
| No duidi o u | Net sales | 109.6 | 116.8 | +6.6% +7.2 | 122.8 | +5.1% +6.0 |
| Nutrition | Op. Profit | 19.3 | 14.6 | -24.5% -4.7 | 16.9 | +15.9% +2.3 |
| Chocolate and | Net sales | 98.0 | 102.8 | +4.9% +4.7 | 103.1 | +0.3% +0.3 |
| Gummy | Op. Profit | 12.6 | 11.1 | -11.8% -1.4 | 11.1 | -0.3% -0.0 |
| Drinking milk | Net sales | 76.1 | 71.5 | -6.1% -4.6 | 76.0 | +6.3% +4.4 |
| Drinking milk | Op. Profit | -0.7 | -2.5 | <u> </u> | -3.0 | -0.5 |
| D to D | Net sales | 65.8 | 71.1 | +8.2% +5.3 | 76.4 | +7.4% +5.2 |
| B to B | Op. Profit | 2.7 | 3.0 | +12.8% +0.3 | 4.2 | +36.7% +1.1 |



Food: Net Sales and Operating Profit by Business

| | (JPY bn) | FY2021 | FY2022 | :V2022 | | |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | | Results | Results | YoY Change | FY2023 Plan | YoY Change |
| Frozen dessert | Net sales | 58.2 | 57.9 | -0.5% -0.3 | 60.5 | +4.4% +2.5 |
| & ready meal | Op. Profit | Profit 2.9 3.2 +10.1% +0.2 | 3.6 | +11.3% +0.3 | | |
| Overseas | Net sales | 52.6 | 68.5 | +30.3% +15.9 | × / h | +27.7% +18.9 |
| Overseas | Op. Profit | -1.0 | -0.9 | +0.0 | -2.4 | -1.4 |
| Other/ domestic | Net sales | 155.7 | 174.1 | +11.8% +18.3 | 157.2 | -9.7% -16.8 |
| subsidiaries | Op. Profit | 5.0 | 3.0 | -38.9% -1.9 | 0.3 | -89.8% -2.7 |

Food: Summary for Main Business



Yogurt and cheese

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | FY2023 Plan | YoY Change | |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| Net sales | 202.5 | -3.5% -7.2 | 203.1 | +0.3% +0.5 | |
| Op. Profit | 24.1 | -30.9% -10.8 | 25.2 | +4.6% +1.1 | |

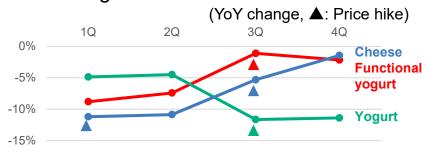
Market size in FY2022

Yogurt: -0 to -1%

Cheese: -2 to -4%

Business summary

Change in sales volume in FY2022



Need to regain sales volume of yogurt

Nutrition

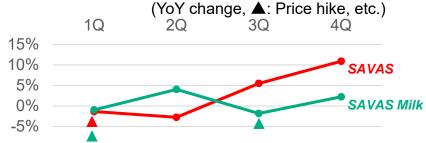
| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | | FY2023 | |
|------------|---------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| | Results | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| Net sales | 116.8 | +6.6% +7.2 | 122.8 | +5.1% +6.0 |
| Op. Profit | 14.6 | -24.5% -4.7 | 16.9 | +15.9% +2.3 |

Market size in FY2022

- Sports protein (powder and granule). At store -2 to -3%, E-commerce favorable including whey products
- Infant formula and liquid diet: Sales exceeded FY2022

Business summary

Change in sales volume in FY2022



- Regained sales volume of SAVAS
- Infant formula favorable due to inbound demand
- Liquid diet grow sales by expanding product lines

Food: Summary for Main Business



Chocolate and Gummy

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | | FY2023 | _ |
|------------|---------|----------------|--------|---------------|
| | Results | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| Net sales | 102.8 | +4.9% +4.7 | 103.1 | +0.3% +0.3 |
| Op. Profit | 11.1 | -11.8% -1.4 | 11.1 | -0.3% -0.0 |

Overseas Business

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | | FY2023 | |
|------------|---------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| | Results | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| Net sales | 68.5 | +30.3% +15.9 | 87.5 | +27.7% +18.9 |
| Op. Profit | -0.9 | +0.0 | -2.4 | -1.4 |

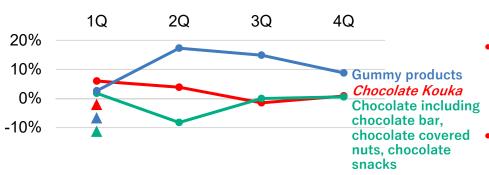
Market size in FY2022

- Chocolate: -1 to -2%
- Gummy products: +23 to +24%

Business summary

Change in sales volume in FY2022

(YoY change, ▲: Price hike)



 Steadily regained sales of chocolate products though faced price competition

Expanding production capacity in China

Drinking milk and yogurt

January 2023 Tianjin factory

Started production

Spring in 2024 Guangzhou factory

Will start production

Confectionary

Guangzhou factory Spring in 2024

Will start production

Ice cream

By the end of FY2024

Shanghai factory Will start production



Food: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business – FY2022

| (JPY bn) | Food Segment Total | Yogurt & Cheese | Nutrition | Chocolate & gummy | Drinking milk | B to B | Frozen dessert & ready meal | Overseas | Other/ domestic subsidiaries |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2021 Results | 75.9 | 34.9 | 19.3 | 12.6 | -0.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | -1.0 | 5.0 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +13.7 | -2.2 | +4.3 | +3.6 | -0.1 | +3.5 | +2.1 | +1.3 | +1.2 |
| Changes in COGS | -22.7 | -4.6 | -6.4 | -4.1 | -1.3 | -2.2 | -2.2 | -1.0 | -0.9 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -9.9 | -4.6 | -2.7 | -0.9 | -0.1 | -0.9 | +0.4 | -0.3 | -0.8 |
| Change in marketing expenses | -3.3 | -3.3 | -0.3 | +0.0 | +0.8 | -0.2 | +0.1 | -0.0 | -0.3 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -6.6 (-0.2) | -1.4 | -2.4 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -0.7 | +0.3 | -0.2 | -0.4 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -1.1 | +0.6 | +0.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.0 | +0.0 | +0.0 | -1.5 |
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2022 Results | 55.8 | 24.1 | 14.6 | 11.1 | -2.5 | 3.0 | 3.2 | -0.9 | 3.0 |

Food: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business



- FY2023 1st Half Plan

| (JPY bn) | Food Segment Total | Yogurt & Cheese | Nutrition | Chocolate & gummy | Drinking milk | B to B | Frozen dessert & ready meal | Overseas | Other/ domestic subsidiaries |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Operating Profit – FY2022 1st Half Results | 29.3 | 12.0 | 8.6 | 3.2 | -0.8 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +26.4 | +8.9 | +6.3 | +2.4 | +2.7 | +3.8 | +1.8 | +0.3 | +0.1 |
| Changes in COGS | -18.8 | -4.7 | -4.4 | -2.1 | -2.8 | -2.3 | -1.2 | -0.1 | -1.1 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -8.6 | -3.2 | -1.4 | -1.2 | -0.9 | -0.8 | -0.6 | -0.6 | +0.1 |
| Change in marketing expenses | -3.5 | -1.3 | -0.8 | -0.3 | -0.7 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.1 | +0.0 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -5.1 (-0.5) | -1.9 | -0.6 | -0.9 | -0.2 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.5 | +0.1 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -2.4 | +0.1 | +0.0 | -0.2 | -0.0 | +0.0 | -0.0 | -1.8 | -0.5 |
| Operating Profit – FY2023 1st Half Plan | 25.9 | 13.1 | 9.1 | 2.1 | -1.8 | 1.7 | 2.6 | -2.0 | 0.9 |



Food: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business – FY2023 Plan

| (JPY bn) | Food Segment Total | Yogurt & Cheese | Nutrition | Chocolate & gummy | Drinking milk | B to B | Frozen dessert & ready meal | Overseas | Other/ domestic subsidiaries |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2022 Results | 55.8 | 24.1 | 14.6 | 11.1 | -2.5 | 3.0 | 3.2 | -0.9 | 3.0 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +49.6 | +15.1 | +11.8 | +7.1 | +6.0 | +6.4 | +3.6 | +0.8 | -1.3 |
| Changes in COGS | -30.7 | -7.9 | -6.0 | -3.6 | -4.9 | -4.2 | -1.9 | -0.2 | -1.9 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -16.7 | -6.1 | -3.4 | -3.0 | -1.5 | -1.1 | -1.3 | -1.1 | +0.7 |
| Change in marketing expenses | -7.0 | -2.5 | -1.7 | -1.1 | -1.1 | -0.1 | -0.4 | -0.2 | +0.1 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -9.7 (-1.3) | -3.5 | -1.8 | -1.9 | -0.3 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -0.9 | +0.6 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -2.1 | +0.1 | -0.0 | -0.5 | -0.2 | +0.0 | -0.1 | -1.0 | -0.4 |
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2023 Plan | 56.0 | 25.2 | 16.9 | 11.1 | -3.0 | 4.2 | 3.6 | -2.4 | 0.3 |

Food: Sales by Main Products



| (JPY bn) | FY2021 Results | FY2022 Results | YoY Change | FY2023 Plan | YoY Change |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Yogurt | 81.8 | 76.1 | -6.9% | 77.4 | +1.8% |
| Functional yogurt | 98.0 | 95.4 | -2.7% | 100.2 | +5.1% |
| Cheese | 29.1 | 28.2 | -3.1% | 28.2 | +0.1% |
| Chocolate | 96.3 | 99.1 | +3.0% | 103.8 | +4.7% |
| Infant formula and enteral formula | 63.5 | 67.3 | +5.9% | 68.3 | +1.6% |
| Sports nutrition (incl. SAVAS Milk Protein) | 42.8 | 45.2 | +5.7% | 47.5 | +5.0% |
| Drinking milk, milk for home delivery | 77.1 | 72.3 | -6.3% | 72.4 | +0.2% |
| Ice cream | 40.2 | 41.6 | +3.5% | 43.5 | +4.6% |

^{*} Not calculated as net sales after applying revenue recognition accounting standards

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Pharmaceutical: Net sales and Op. Profit by Business

| | (JPY bn) | FY2021 | FY2022 | | FY2023 | |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| | | Results | • | | Plan | YoY Change |
| Ethical | Net sales | 90.7 | 100.1 | +10.4% +9.4 | 111.4 | +11.2% +11.2 |
| pharmaceuticals in Japan | Op. Profit | 3.6 | 10.1 | +175.8% +6.4 | 13.0 | +28.1% +2.8 |
| Overseas ethical | Net sales | 40.3 | 51.4 | +27.4% +11.0 | 55.5 | +7.9% +4.0 |
| pharmaceuticals | Op. Profit | 4.0 | 7.7 | +92.5% +3.7 | 5.2 | -32.5% -2.5 |
| Human vaccine | Net sales | 42.7 | 34.7 | -18.6% -7.9 | 37.8 | +8.6% +3.0 |
| numan vaccine | Op. Profit | 11.4 | 2.4 | -78.6% -8.9 | 6.2 | +153.3% +3.7 |
| Votorinary drug* | Net sales | 14.1 | 10.8 | -23.0% -3.2 | 10.8 | -0.7% -0.0 |
| Veterinary drug* | Op. Profit | -0.4 | 1.4 | — +1.8 | 0.6 | -57.8% -0.8 |

^{*}FY2021 result includes the agricultural chemicals business before the transfer of the business (results of the cumulative third quarter).

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Pharmaceutical: Net sales and Op. Profit by Business

Ethical pharmaceuticals in Japan

| (JPY bn) | FY2022 | | FY2023 | |
|------------|---------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| | Results | YoY Change | Plan | YoY Change |
| Net sales | 100.1 | +10.4% +9.4 | 111.4 | +11.2% +11.2 |
| Op. Profit | 10.1 | +175.8% +6.4 | 13.0 | +28.1% +2.8 |

Overseas ethical pharmaceuticals

| Net sales | 51.4 | +27.4% +11.0 | 55.5 | +7.9% +4.0 |
|------------|------|-----------------|------|----------------|
| Op. Profit | 7.7 | +92.5% +3.7 | 5.2 | -32.5% -2.5 |

Human vaccine

| Net sales | 34.7 | -18.6% -7.9 | 37.8 | +8.6% +3.0 |
|------------|------|----------------|------|-----------------|
| Op. Profit | 2.4 | -78.6% -8.9 | 6.2 | +153.3% +3.7 |

- NHI price revision ratio: FY2022 at the 6% level, FY2023 approximately 5%
- Sales of anti-allergic, *Bilanoa* favorable
- Sales volume of generic drug increased Maintained drug price for fundamental pharmaceuticals supported stable profitability
- Assuming sales of ARCT-154 in FY2023
- Medreich: CMO/CDMO business favorable
- Subsidiary in Spain: Recovered from decline due to COVID-19 pandemic
- Will decrease in profit in FY2023 due to cost increase and decrease in royalty income even though sales increase
- Returned influenza vaccine increased in FY2022
 - Expect a typical return amount in FY2023 due to early shipments and enhanced awareness-raising activities
- Achieve sales and profit growth in FY2023 due to an increase in periodical inoculation

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Pharmaceutical: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business – FY2022 meiji

| (JPY bn) | Pharma Segment Total | Domestic pharma- ceuticals | Overseas pharma- ceuticals | Human vaccine | Veterinary drug* |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2021 Results | 18.6 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 11.4 | -0.4 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +6.7 | +9.7 | +1.9 | -1.6 | -3.3 |
| Impact of NHI price revision | -5.0 | -5.0 | _ | _ | _ |
| Changes in COGS | +0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 | +0.7 | +0.0 |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | +4.4 | +1.0 | -0.2 | -0.3 | +3.9 |
| Change in marketing expenses | +2.4 | +0.1 | -0.1 | +0.3 | +2.1 |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | +2.0 (+2.9) | +0.8 | -0.1 | -0.6 | +1.8 |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -3.4 | +0.9 | +2.2 | -7.8 | +1.3 |
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2022 Results | 21.7 | 10.1 | 7.7 | 2.4 | 1.4 |

^{*}FY2021 result includes the agricultural chemicals business before the transfer of the business (results of the cumulative third quarter). From April 2022, Meiji Animal Health Co., Ltd., a newly established subsidiary, operates both the veterinary drug business and the veterinary vaccine business. Therefore, changes in profit of the veterinary business for FY2022 are included in "Other."

Now ideas for wellness Pharmaceutical: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business - FY2023 1st Half Plan

| (JPY bn) | Pharma Segment Total | Domestic pharma- ceuticals | Overseas pharma- ceuticals | Human vaccine | Veterinary drug |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Operating Profit – FY2022 1st Half Results | 14.6 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 0.7 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | -2.6 | -2.3 | -0.0 | -0.3 | _ |
| Impact of NHI price revision | -1.6 | -1.6 | _ | _ | _ |
| Changes in COGS | -0.8 | -0.2 | -0.6 | +0.0 | _ |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | -1.2 | +0.2 | -0.8 | -0.7 | _ |
| Change in marketing expenses | +0.0 | +0.2 | -0.1 | -0.0 | <u> </u> |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | -1.3 (-2.1) | +0.0 | -0.6 | -0.6 | _ |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -1.1 | -0.7 | -0.1 | +0.2 | -0.5 |
| Operating Profit – FY2023 1st Half Plan | 7.3 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 0.2 |

Pharmaceutical: Analysis of Op. Profit by Business



- FY2023 Plan

| (JPY bn) | Pharma Segment Total | Domestic pharma- ceuticals | Overseas pharma- ceuticals | Human vaccine | Veterinary drug |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2022 Results | 21.7 | 10.1 | 7.7 | 2.4 | 1.4 |
| Due to increased/decreased sales | +7.1 | +5.8 | -0.5 | +1.8 | _ |
| Impact of NHI price revision | -3.4 | -3.4 | _ | _ | _ |
| Changes in COGS | -1.3 | -0.4 | -0.9 | +0.0 | <u> </u> |
| Changes in other SG&A expenses | +1.6 | +2.9 | -1.1 | -0.2 | |
| Change in marketing expenses | -0.1 | +0.5 | -0.3 | -0.3 | <u>—</u> |
| Change in other expenses (R&D expenses) | +1.7 (-3.7) | +2.3 | -0.8 | +0.1 | <u>—</u> |
| Other (incl. change in results of subsidiaries) | -0.8 | -2.0 | +0.0 | +2.2 | -0.8 |
| Full-year Operating Profit – FY2023 Plan | 25.0 | 13.0 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 0.6 |

Pharmaceutical: R&D Pipeline - 1



| | Code No. (Generic Name) | Efficacy Classification | Target Disease | Stage |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Infectious disease | OP0595* (Nacubactam) | β-lactamase inhibitor | Infections caused by carbapenem-resistant bacteria | Phase III (Multinational study including Japan) |
| | ME3208 (Belumosudil) | ROCK2 inhibitor | Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease | Filed (Under review, South Korea) Phase III |
| New fields | DMB-3115 | Biosimilar | Plaque psoriasis/ Psoriatic arthritis/ Crohn's disease/ Ulcerative colitis | In preparation for application (Overseas) Phase I |
| spids | HBI-8000 (Tucidinostat) | Histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor | Unresectable or metastatic melanoma | Phase III (Multinational study including Japan) |
| | ME3183* | Selective PDE4 inhibitor | Psoriasis | Phase II (Overseas) |
| | HBI-8000 (Tucidinostat) | Histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor | Relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma | Phase lb / II |
| Vaccine | KD-370 | Vaccine | Pentavalent vaccine against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poliovirus, and haemophilus influenza type b | Filed (Under review) |
| Ф | ARCT-154 | Vaccine | Next generation mRNA vaccine against COVID-19 | Filed (Under review) Phase III |

Pharmaceutical: R&D Pipeline - 2



| | Code No. (Generic Name) | Efficacy Classification | Target Disease | Stage |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|
| | KD-414 | Vaccine | Inactivated vaccine against COVID-19 | Phase III (Adults under 40, Multi-Regional Clinical Trials) Phase III (Pediatric) Phase II / III Phase II / III (Pediatric) Phase I / II |
| Vaccine | KD-382 | Vaccine | Quadrivalent vaccine against dengue fever | Phase I (Overseas) |
| | KD2-396 | Vaccine | Hexavalent vaccine against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poliovirus, haemophilus influenza type b, and Hepatitis B virus | Phase I |
| Blood Plasma Products | KD2-305* | Blood Plasma Products | Suppression of bleeding tendency in patients with blood coagulation factor VIII or factor IX deficiency who have coagulation factor inhibitors | Approved *Discovered in-house |





| | Code No. (Generic Name) | Efficacy Classification | Stage |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------|
| | ME4137 | Injectable antibacterial drug for cattle | Filed (Under review) |
| | ME4137 | Injectable antibacterial drug for swine | Filed (Under review) |
| Vete | KD-412* | Vaccine for cattle | Filed (Under review) |
| Veterinary D | MD-22-3002 | Anti-inflammatory drug for cattle, swine and horse | Under development |
| Drugs | ME4305* | Antibacterial drug for cattle | Under development |
| | MD-22-1001-1 | Injectable antibacterial drug for cattle | Under development |
| | ME4406* | Feed Additive | Under development |

*Discovered in-house

Meiji ROESG®: ESG Evaluation Indicators

* Achieve 5: x1.2 Achieve 4: x1.0 Achieve <4: x0.8



Indicators Achieve The Meiji ROE unique to **ESG** goals **ROESG®** Meiji **Target for** Add at the end Average of **Achievement** FY2023: FY2021-2023 of FY2023 coefficient 13 points

| Evaluation indicator | FY2020 Results | FY2021 Results | FY2022 Results |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| MSCI ESG Ratings | ВВ | BBB | Α |
| DJSI* | 52 points | 55 points | 61 points |
| FTSE4Good** | 3.0 points | 3.0 points | 3.7 points |
| CDP (Climate Change) | A- | Α- | Α |
| CDP (Water Security) | Α- | Α | Α |

| FY2023 Plan |
|------------------|
| Α |
| 65 points |
| 3.8 points |
| Α |
| A |

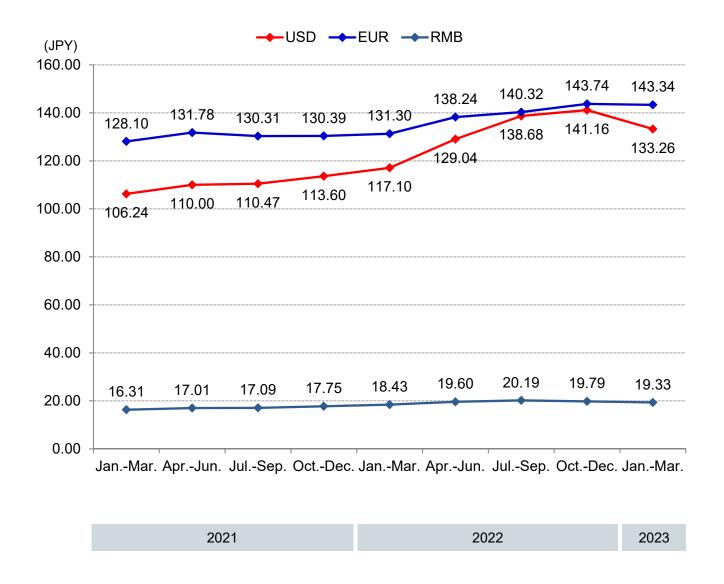
^{*} Changed target for DJSI to "point." "Point" is more suitable as target management because "percentile" fluctuate with other companies' evaluations.

ROESG is a registered trademark for a management indicator developed by Kunio Ito, a professor at Hitotsubashi University

^{**} Revised target for FTSE4Good because we have achieved the initial target of 3.5 points for FY2011 in FY2022.

Key Currencies and Our Average Exchange Rates

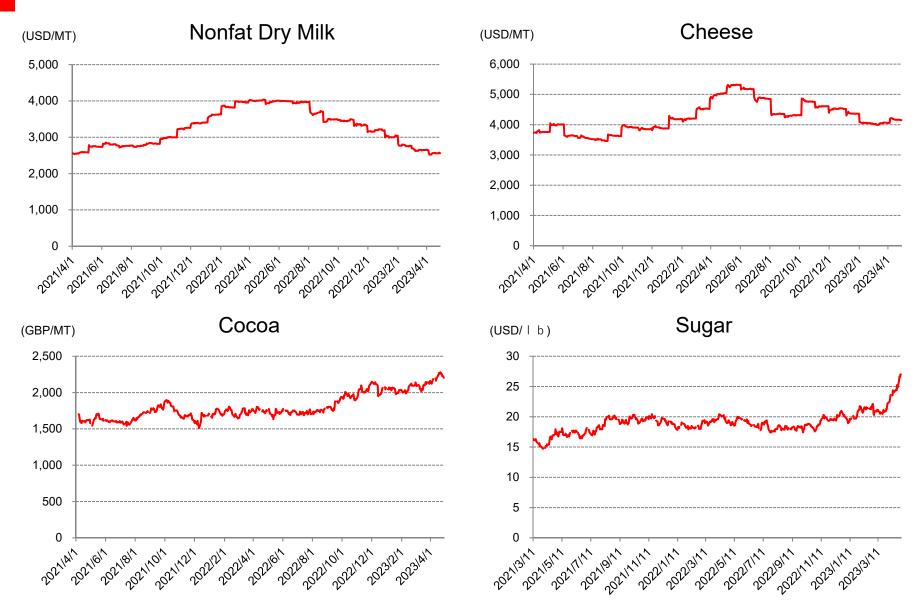




| Foreign exchange target for FY2023 (JPY) | | |
|--|-----|--|
| USD | 140 | |
| EUR | 140 | |
| RMB | 20 | |

Market Prices of Main Raw Materials Imported





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- Information in this material is not intended to solicit sale or purchase of shares in Meiji Holdings. The final decision relating
 to investments should be made based on the judgment of users themselves.
- Business forecasts and other forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time of the release of this presentation and reasonable assumptions made by the Company. Actual results could differ materially from forecasts due to various factors.
- The earnings summary is not subject to audit.
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